The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,242 New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1884.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
M. Pekin	3500	900	A. Symons	12th Dec.
L. Malwa	2959	550	A. W. Adamson	19th "
— Gwalior	2733	500	P. Harris	26th "
				1885.
L. Rosetta	3502	700	G. W. Brady	2nd Jan.
M. Venetia	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	9th "
L. Massilia	4911	1000	S. D. Shallard	16th "
— Nizam	2726	500	G. W. Atkinson	23rd "
L. Sutlej	4194	800	A. H. Johnson	30th "
M. Siam	3041	500	E. Ashdown	6th Feb.
L. Peshawar	3900	900	J. C. Babot	13th "
Assaye	3038	500	S. F. Coie	20th "
L. Tasmania	4500	800	C. Perrins	27th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On	1884.
TASMANIA	4600	800	C. Perrins	12th	Dec.
HYDASPES	2984	400	G. Scrivener	26th	"
					1885.
BOKHARA	2944	500	H. Weighell	9th	Jan.
SHANNON	4189	800	J. S. Murray	23rd	"

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O S N Company.
Bombay, Nov. 28, 1884.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—
First Class Rs. 680. Second Class Rs. 370.
Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, Nov. 15, 1884.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 250, for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, incl sive of Wine. Infants are allowed free, Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons. H.P.	
GIAVA*	3,000 400	on Thursday 1st Jan. 1885.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Sept. 1, 1884
* No second class accommodation.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1884
TITANIA	G. Doncich	4,000	6 0	29th Dec.
				1885.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,500	550	29th Jan.
BERENICE	G. B. Verona	3,501	550	1st March
ELEKTRA	G. Sturt	4,100	600	2nd April
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500	550	2nd May

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1884.
BERENICE	G.B. Verona	3,500	550	28th Dec.

STEAM TO COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

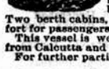
Steamer.	Captain	Tons	H.P.	To sail.
VORWAERTS	F. Egger	3,200	450	13th Dec.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Passage House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay, Dec. 1884

CITY LINE.



THE first class steamer CITY of CARTHAGE, 2631 tons, will sail for LONDON on or about 9th December. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth cabins, baths, punkhas, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is well-known as favourite passenger ship from Calcutta and has very superior accommodation.

For further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 15th November, 1884. Agents.

PASSENGER SEASON 1884.

MESSRS. KING, KING and Co. will on application forward, free of charge, a copy of their "HANDBOOK FOR HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS," and full particulars as to Berths available, Rates of Passage, dates of sailing, &c. by P. and O. and all other lines of steamers.

KING, KING AND CO.
Bombay, February 1, 1884.

NOTICE.

THE s. s. ALGITHA has ARRIVED from Mauritius and is discharging in the stream. Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading accompanied by delivery orders for our countersignature and to take delivery of their goods without delay.

No claim will be entertained after the departure of the steamer and unless endorsed by the Captain.

KELLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents for Captain, Owners of s.s. Algitha.
Bombay, 5th December, 1884.

BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality, an very highly recommended by medical practitioners for Invalids and convalescents. Price, Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quart-,

FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS for certain works in connection with the building of a new overbridge in place of the present structure, north of the Byculla Railway Station, Bombay.

Plans, Specification and Conditions of Contract may be inspected at the office of the undersigned on and after the 10th instant, where also Forms of Tender may be obtained on application.

Tenders on these Forms only, endorsed "Tender for Overbridge at Byculla," addressed to the Agent, G. I. P. Railway Company, will be received at his office up till 1 p.m. (gun fire) of the 22nd instant.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless it is accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 50 in cash or Government paper as a guarantee of good faith on the part of those tendering.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

WILSON BELL,
Chief Engineer.
Chief Engineer's Office, Elphinstone Circle, 5th December, 1884.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOA," 1,906 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 10th December, 1884, at 5 p. m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on MONDAY, 8th December, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Bahrein, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on 1st January, 1885.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "COMMILLA," 1,872 tons, on FRIDAY, 12th December, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd October, 1884. Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

Rs. 25.—For Rupees Twenty-five we send to any part of India, free of Postage and Packing charges, one of our crystal-faced

CELEBRATED ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

The Watches are so well known for their decided superiority that we need not further dwell on their merits. Guarantee two years.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

Beware of Imitations sold under similar names at much cheaper rates. We do not supply these watches to the trade.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REDUCED PRICES.

"EXCELSIOR"
TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

SIX PRIZE MEDALS,
VIENNA, 1873; PHILADELPHIA, 1876; PARIS, 1878;
and a Special Concession from the French Government for sale at the Exposition of 1878.

TESTIMONIALS.

DR. JOS. HYRTL, University of Vienna, Austria.—"'Excelsior' I declare to be the BEST TOBACCO I ever smoked."

SIR HENRY HALFORD, Leicester, England.—"Your 'Excelsior' Tobacco is so good that I shall be obliged if you will send me ONE HUNDRED POUNDS of it."

MARQUIS DE LE COUTEULX DE CAUMONT, Paris, France.—"The 'Excelsior,' I do not hesitate to say, is the BEST TOBACCO I ever smoked."

	Cash Prices.
"Excelsior" Tobacco, in 4 oz. Packets, Flake cut for Pipes	Re. 1 0
"Excelsior" Tobacco, in 4 oz. Packets, Long cut for Cigarettes or Pipes	1 0
"Excelsior" Cigarettes, in boxes of	2 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

KEMP'S
ALTERATIVE CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES.

FOR improving the tone of the system and purifying the Blood, thus quickly producing FINE CONDITION, a GLOSSY COAT, HEALTH, and STRENGTH.

Per bottle Re. 1-8.

KEMP'S
STRENGTHENING IRON POWDERS FOR HORSES.

Especially beneficial after the S. W. Monsoon and are a preventive against Fever, which at present is so prevalent amongst Horses in the Bombay Presidency.

Per bottle Rs. 2-8.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

EUREKA SKIN CURE,
A SUPERB AND NEVER-FAILING REMEDY FOR SKIN DISEASES of every description, specially efficacious for eruptions of long standing, such as Eczema, Herpes, &c., which, after a few applications, quickly disappear and allows the healthy action of the skin to resume its sway.

Per bottle 12 annas.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP & COMPANY'S
FLUID EXTRACT OF IODIZED SARSAPARILLA.

THE Best, Surest, and most Powerful alterative for the renovation of the BLOOD, and for the restoration of TONE and STRENGTH to the system. It quickly removes from the Blood those humours or principles which disturb its purity, directing them toward the natural Excretory Channels. It is used with great advantage for all climatic Eruptions and Affections of the SKIN, BOILS, PIMPLES, RINGWORM, &c., and for all the various diseases arising from impurities of the BLOOD. For RHEUMATISM it is unqualled.

Per bottle Rs. 2-8, Rs. 4-8 and Rs. 8-8.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS, up to 10th December, 1884, for CONSTRUCTION of the DOUBLE LINES between Suchin and Kankra Khadi and between Barajri and Ahmedabad.

Plans, specifications and conditions of Contract can be seen on application at the Office of the Chief Engineer of this Company.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

T. W. WOOD, Agent.
General Offices, Bombay, 3rd December, 1884.

BASCH & PARDOWITZ.

NEW GOODS, JUST ARRIVED.

THE CHEAPEST FIRM IN BOMBAY.

GENT'S READY-MADE CLOTHES of all kinds and style, very cheap.

Frocks, Dressing Suits, and every requisite for Gentlemen, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Shirts, Umbrellas, Stocking, Professor Ager's wearing apparel, consisting of Banians and Panjamas, little dressers for Girl.

We always get twice a month fresh goods, and we will thank the ladies and gentlemen of Bombay to give us a call.

BASCH AND PARDOWITZ,
PROPRIETORS.

CHRISTMAS, 1884.

TREACHER and Co. have the pleasure to announce that their CHRISTMAS SUPPLIES, now being landed by every Mail Steamer, are larger and more varied than ever; of the same superior character for which the Company is so well known, and which has led to their being so liberally patronised.

FOR THE DESSERT TABLE.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS, etc.

Apricots,	Cherries,	Green and Gold Chinois,	Mirabelles,	White Pears,
Greengages,	Angelica,	Mixed Fruit,	Peaches,	Pink Pears,

in cases of about 7 lbs., or by the lb.

Assortments of the above in boxes at from Annas 10 to Re. 1-12.

CONFECTIONERY, DRIED FRUITS, &c.

Brandy Fruits,	Foudants,	Chocolate Vanille,	Strawberries,	
Candied Peels,	Dragees,	,, Creams,	Toffee,	
China Preserves,	French Plums.	,, Crystallized,	Pralines Vanille,	
Butter Scotch,	Liqueur Comfits,	,, Pestache,	,, Rose,	
Nougat,	Noyeau Fruits,			
Almonds,	Almonds and Raisins,	Burnt Almonds,		

And a variety of others of the choicest quality.

KENTISH COBNUTS, FILBERTS, BRAZILS, BARCELONAS, GRAPES, CARLSBAD WAFERS, PARIS BISCUITS, etc.
HOLLY AND MISTLETOE FOR DECORATIONS.

BONBON CRACKERS AND DECORATED COSAQUES,
In a hundred different varieties.

THE PURVEYING DEPARTMENT

Affords choice and fresh supplies of excellent PRESERVED PROVISIONS of every description.

STILTON, ROQUEFORT, GORGO-ZOLA, DOUBLE GLOSTER AND DUTCH CHEESE, specially imported during the Cold Weather.

PLUM-PUDDING, MINCEMEAT, PATES, etc.

THE WINE DEPARTMENT

Affords a variety of Price and Kind offered by no other House in India.

SHERRIES.	Per doz Cash. Qts. Rs.	PORTS.	Per doz. Cash. Qts. Pts. Rs. Rs.	CHAMPAGNES.	Per doz. Cash. Qts. Pts. Rs. Rs.
Yellow Seal	... 16	White Seal	... 18 ..	Saumer	... 27 15
Pale Dinner	... 22	Fine Old	... 26 13	Perrier Jouet's	50 26-8
Vino de Pasto	... 25	Superior Old	... 33 18	Giesler's "for India"	... 50 26-8
Old Dry	... 28			Heidsieck's Dry Monopole	... 55 29
Golden Manzanilla	... 28				
Amontillado	... 38	SAUTERNES.	Qt. Pts. Rs. Rs.		
CLARETS.	Qts. Pts. Rs. Rs.	Barsac	... 17 9-8	BURGUNDIES.	Qts. Pts. Rs. Rs.
		Sauterne	... 21 12		
Bordeaux	... 10 6	Haut Sauterne	... 30 16	Chablis	... 17 9-8
St. Julien Medoc	... 10 6			Beaune	... 18 10
Petit Medoc	... 13 7-8			Macon	... 23 12-8
Superior Medoc	... 16 9-8			Pommard	... 21 11-8
Chateau La Grange	.. 21 11-8	SPARKLING MOSELLES.	Qts. Pts. Rs. Rs.	Chambertin	... 30 16-8
Chateau La Rose	26 14-8			Sparkling Burgundy	... 38 21
Chateau Margaux	32 17	Fine	... 30 16-8		
		Superior	... 34 19	BRANDIES.	Rs.
HOCKS.	Qts. Pts. Rs. Rs.	Finest Nonpareil	... 41 22-8	Pale Cognac	—
				Old Pale Cognac	... ..
Laubenheim	17 9-8			Old Pale Cognac, ('Treacher's celebrated Heart Labelled),	.. 32
Geisenheim	20 11	WHISKIES.	Qts. Rs.		
Steinwein	23 ...	Treacher's Irish	... 22-8	Hennessy's	... 37
Hockheim	23 12-8	Treacher's Scotch		Exshaw's	... 38
Nierstein	27 14-8	Glenlivet	... 22-8	Denis Mounie's	... 28
Liebfraumilch	33 17-8	Crabbie's	... 21		
Johannisberg	42 23	Kinahan's	... 20		

LIQUEURS, BEERS, AND STOUT, GINS, BITTERS.

THE FANCY STOCK DEPARTMENT

Affords the largest Choice in India of

HANDSOME PRESENTS
For Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children,
IN GLASS, CHINA, ORMOLU, BRONZE, OXIDISED METAL, WALNUT-WOOD, OAKWOOD, RUSSIA AND MOROCCO LEATHER, etc., etc.,

JEWELLERY IN GOLD AND SILVER.

A splendid selection of Articles suitable for Presentation.

CHRISTMAS CARDS
in numerous pretty designs.
NEW YEAR'S CARDS
in great variety.
TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!
Grotesque, Amusing, Instructive.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED) import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, for whom they are appointed Agents, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at as lightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.	Spare Instruments.	Stencil Plates.
Dumpy Levels.	Architects' Scales.	Field Books.
Levelling Staves.	Marquois Scales.	Level Books.
Prismatic Compasses.	Protractors (all kinds).	Note Books.
Pocket Sextants.	Pocket Rules.	Mapping Pens.
Optical Squares.	Parallel Rulers (all kinds).	Indian Ink.
Clinometers.	Measuring Tapes.	Plotting Scales.
Spirit Levels.	Measuring Chains.	Mounted Drawin Papers
Pocket Levels.	T. Squares	Cartoon Papers.
Pantographs.	Set Squares.	Tracing Cloth.
Cases of Instruments.	Straight Edges.	Tracing Paper.
Pocket Sets.	Railway Curves.	Sectional Paper.
Half Sets.	French Curves.	Sundries.
	Drawing Boards.	

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water-colours.	Siberian Pencils.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Moist do. in pans.	Sable-hair Pencils.	Palette Knives.
Slow drying do. in Tubes.	Hog-hair Tools for Oils.	Dippers, &c.
Oil-colours in Tubes.	Sable do.	Bristol Boards.
Dry Water-colour Boxes.	Varnishes, Oils, &c.	Mounting Boards.
Moist do.	Drawing Papers.	Drawing pencils.
Oil-colour Boxes.	Oil Sketching Paper.	Crayons.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.	Prepared Canvas.	Gold and Silver Shells.
Camel-hair Pencils.	Prepared Millboards.	Gold Leaf.
	Mahl Sticks.	

ILLUSTRATED PRICED LISTS ON APPLICATION
ALL ARTICLES ADVERTISED ARE KEPT IN STOCK.

THACKER & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

AGENTS FOR—ELLIOTT BROTHERS, LONDON.
W. F. STANLEY, LONDON.
[T. H. STEWARD, LONDON]

NOVELTY OF THE SEASON
IN
XMAS & NEW-YEAR CARDS
FROM THE
HOLY LAND.

CARDS, IF POSTED BY THE MAIL STEAMER LEAVING BOMBAY ON THE 5TH DECEMBER, WILL REACH EUROPE BEFORE 'XMAS DAY,

CONSISTING of Flowers, Ferns, Grasses, Mosses, Shells, Thorns, etc., gathered in the Holy Land under the superintendence of A. Daly, of the Palestine Flower Mission: printed guarantee at back of each card.

The above are formed into beautiful designs and safely secured on to toned cards with gilt edges. Each card is carefully packed in a card-board box.

No. 1 Size 4½in. by 3½in. assorted designs	...	...	...	...each Re. 1 0
,, 2 ,, 5½in. by 4 in.	...	...	...	... ,, ,, 1 8
,, 3 ,, 6½in. by 4½in.	...	...	...	... ,, ,, 2 0
,, 4 ,, 8½in. by 6¼in.	...	...	...	... ,, ,, 3 0

MECHANICAL ACTION CARDS.
EACH CARD IN A SEPARATE ENVELOPE.

	Rs. a.
The Bird Cage. This pattern, on the exterior, is similar to the above, but on opening same a sweet little bird, in a gilt cage, appears ..... each	2 0
The Aquarium; a golden tank, containing fish, corals, and shells, with imitation glass sides resting on an elaborate gold and floral stand ..... each	2 4
A golden Swan-shaped Boat, filled with flowers, and with Cupid at the helm ..... each	2 4

HAND-PAINTED
'XMAS AND NEW-YEAR CARDS.

On white and tinted card-board with gilt or silver edges, and suitable greetings exquisitely finished each card packed in pink wool and in a separate card-board box.	
Flowers and leaves, designs size 5½ in. by 4 in. ..... each	2 8
Flowers and leaves on oval card, size 7 in. by 4½ in., designs ..... each	5 0
Flowers and leaves on dark ground, size 6½ in. by 4½ in., designs ..... each	5 0
Flowers and leaves on silk, banneret form, with silk fringe, size 7 in. by 5 in., designs ..... each	6 0
Flowers, leaves, birds, nests, etc., size 10½ in. by 7½ in. designs ..... each	6 0

Series. No.		Rs. a.
1.	Flowers and leaves, figures of children, young girls and groups with greetings, about forty designs 3 as. each ..... per doz.	1

If Cash is not sent with Order, the Goods will be forwarded by Value Payable Parcel Post.

COURT & CO., 21A, ESPLANADE ROW, BOMBAY,
OPPOSITE TO THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

KANGRA VALLEY TEAS

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR HOLTA AND COL. HAWES' TEAS.

PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED AT THE EXHIBITIONS OF LONDON, PARIS, MELBOURNE, AND CALCUTTA.

MORTON, MAJU & Co.'s KANGRA VALLEY TEAS have so long enjoyed a high reputation for PURITY and EXCELLENCE of FLAVOUR, that they think it needless to say anything more beyond recommending THEM to such as have not as yet tried their superior and moderately priced Teas.

Since their introduction, these Teas have been acknowledged by the *élite* of Society to be superior to the numerous varieties of Cheap Teas, many of which are so generally known to be adulterated

22, CHURCH GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL
AND
FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION,
FOR SYMPATHETIC SQUARE CONCERT PIANOS.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of other firms advertising their Square Pianos having obtained the Highest Award at the Calcutta Exhibition, we subjoin an extract from the list of awards showing that THE HIGHEST award for SQUARE PIANOS was bestowed upon the SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS exhibited by us, and for which we are sole agents in India.

"1ST CLASS CERTIFICATE and GOLD MEDAL, Section B., Class 14, Catalogue page 319.—SQUARE CONCERT PIANO, exhibitors' name SCHIEDMAYER and Co., STUTTGART, and BOMBAY, makers name SCHIEDMAYER and Co."—Vide *Bombay Gazette*, Feb. 4, 1884.

SOUNDY & CO, LIMITED
BOMBAY.

'XMAS PRESENTS.
TERMS CASH.

MESSRS. P. VUCCINO AND Co. have received a nice collection of ALBUMS, which they offer to the public at the undermentioned cheap rates.

1. Revolving Albums—Olive wood, air-tight, for holding 30 cartes, 6 Boudoirs, 6 promenades, and 28 cabinets—Rs. 80 each.
2. Small Revolving Albums—Olive wood, air-tight, for holding 34 cabinets—Rs. 28 each.
3. Patent Box Albums—Olive wood with passepartout for holding 48 cartes de visite—Rs. 22 each.
4. Table Stand Albums—In bronze for holding 24 cartes de visite—Rs. 6 each.
5. Large Blackwood Revolving Albums—With elegant table stand for holding 30 cartes, 6 Boudoirs, 6 promenades and 28 cabinets—Rs. 200.
6. Large Boid de chaine Revolving Album—With elegant table stand for holding 30 cartes, 6 Boudoirs, 6 promenades and 28 cabinets—Rs. 250.

Office open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Studio for portraiture from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

SHOW OF NOVELTIES IN DRESSES.

PARIS MODELS of RECEPTION DRESSES
are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.
PARIS MODELS of DINNER DRESSES
are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.
PARIS MODELS of LAWN-TENNIS COSTUMES
are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.
PARIS MODELS of YACHTING COSTUMES
are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.
PARIS MODELS of BOATING COSTUMES
are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.
PARIS MODELS EMBROIDERED RACE TABLIERS
PARIS MODELS LACE COLLARETTS.

SOUTHWELL AND AUSTIN

DRESSMAKERS, MILLINERS, AND LADIES' OUTFITTERS,

APOLLO-STREET, BOMBAY

STONE'S LGA LIGHT GRAVITY ALE,

Specially brewed to meet the present demand for light Ale.

BASS & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE (AS HITHERTO SHIPPED.)
BOTTLED BY OURSELVES,
May be obtained of all the principal dealers in India.

STONE & SON,
9, ST. MILDRED'S COURT, LONDON, E.C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED, SECOND CALL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SECOND CALL of £2 per share is made payable at this Office, on or before the 5th January, 1885.
Bombay, 1st December 1884.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

OWNERS and TRAINERS are reminded that all JOCKIES and RIDING-BOYS require a LICENCE before being allowed to ride horse on any course where the above Turf Club rules are in force. Applications for licences to be made to HONORARY SECRETARY.

BOMBAY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE Special Committee appointed to present an Address from the Guarantors to Lord Dufferin, beg to inform Gentlemen who may wish to accompany the deputation on TUESDAY, the 9th instant, that the time fixed for the purpose. The deputation will be received at the Secretariat.
Bombay, 8th December, 1884.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

GENTLEMEN invited to accompany the deputation of the Chamber of Commerce to Lord Dufferin, will kindly be in attendance at the Secretariat on TUESDAY, the 9th instant, shortly before 3-30 p.m.
F. FORBES ADAM.
Chairman.
Bombay, 8th December, 1884.

FOR THE CONVENIENCE of their kind constituents and the public, BARTON and Co., Limited, will keep OPEN their Church-gate-street Establishment until 8-30 p. m., daily (Sundays excepted), from 8th to 24th instant, inclusive
J. W. WATSON,
Manager.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

THE FOUNDATION-STONE of the NEW BUILDINGS will be laid on TUESDAY, Dec. 9, at 4-30 p. m., by the Right Hon. the EARL OF DUFFERIN, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., P.C.
Copies of Constitution may be obtained by those interested in the Institution, on application to the Rev. C. GILDEA, Cathedral Vestry.
A collection will be made in aid of the Building fund.
The new site is on the Esplanade south of the School of Art. Entrance from the Cruickshank-road.

THE GORDON MILLS, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Horuby Row, Fort, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December, 1884, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and the audited Balance-sheets for the six months ending 30th June and the three months ending 30th September, 1884.
2. To take into consideration the present position of the Company with a view to reconstruct the Company.
By order of the Directors,
For the Gordon Mills, Limited,
D. M. PETIT, SONS, & Co.,
Agents.

CHUBB'S! CHUBB'S!! CHUBB'S!!!
NEW PATENT SAFES.—Most secure against Fire and Thieves.
No. 8. 16 by 18 with one Drawer Rs. 213-12-0
No. 10. 18 by 20 by 20 " " 251-4-0
No. 15. 23 by 22 by 21 " " 288-12-0
No. 20. 31 by 24 by 22 " " 356-4-0
No. 27. 34 by 25 by 23 " " 397-8-0
No. 35. 38 by 26 by 23 " " 480-0-0
Chubb's Illustrated Price-List free by Post.
(With the aid of a special Telegraphic Code I can obtain supplies not in stock at short notice.)
SOLE AGENT IN BOMBAY,
EDULJEE PESTONJEE.
47, Parsee Bazar-Street, Fort.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p.m., for the consideration of the following business:—
1. Sanction to be asked to the grant of Rs. 17,320 from Surplus Cash Balance to provide for the difference between the original tender of Messrs. Littlewood and Pallonjee for carrying out the works at Malabar Hill Reservoir and the rate now sanctioned by the Town Council (subject to the sanction to additional expenditure now asked for.)
2. Town Council's Resolution recommending the Corporation to sanction the outlay of a sum of not exceeding Rs. 10,000, to provide for carrying out the necessary arrangements for the laying of the foundation-stone of the new Municipal Offices and Hall by the Marquis of Ripon.
3. Town Council's resolution stating they see no objection to the payment out of the municipal contribution towards the Jaslok Hospital of the rent of a bungalow to be occupied for the purposes of a temporary hospital pending the completion of the Cama Hospital to which the Jaslok Suliman Dispensary is to be attached.
4. Matter from the Secretary own motion re the budget transfers made by the Council on the 3rd inst. amounting to Rs. 22,75.
By order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, & Secretary, Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 8th Dec., 1884.

PERFUMERY, PERFUMERY,

From ATKINSON, Re. 1, 1-12, and Rs. 3.
LUBIN, Rs. 2.
PIESS and LUBIN, Rs. 1-8.
SMYTH and NEPHEW, Rs. 2-8.
LUNDBORG, Rs. 2-8.

Jockey Club. Kiss-me-Sweetly.
Suez Canal. Opoponax.
May Flowers. Patchouly.
Esa. Bouquet. Damask Rose.
Violette. Roses.
Jessamine. Tubereuse.
Honey-Suckle. D'Heliotrope.
Queen's Favourite. Provence Rose.
Forget-me-not. Prince of Wales' Bouquet.
Blush Rose. White Rose.
Frangipanni. Lily of the Valley.
Kiss-me-Quick. New Mown Hay.
Lucca Oil. Ylang-ylang.

Gosnell's A-1 Bouquet, Rs. 1, 1-12, and Rs. 3.
Bayley's Esq. Bouquet, Re. 1-12.

Rigaud's Essence de Melati, Re. 1-8.
Do. Au Champaca de Lahore, Re. 1-8.
Rimmel's Lavender Water, Ans. 10 and Re 1.
Do. Ambree Lavender, Rs 2.
Do. Best Treble Distilled Lavender Water, Rs. 3
Do. Millefleur Lavender Water, Re 1-8.
Do. Toilet Vinegar, Ans. 8 and Re 1.

Gosnell's Lavender Water, Re 1.

Thurber's Original Florida Water (Fountain of Youth), Ans. 8 and 14.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

J. NEUBERG,
5, Meadow-street.

TABLE LINEN.

TABLE CLOTHS.
DAMASK PATTERNS.

Each Rs. as.		Each Rs. as.
54 in. by 54 ...	3 4	7 ft. by 10 ... 8 0
54 in. by 72 ...	4 6	7 ft. by 12 ... 9 8
6 ft. by 6 ...	4 0	7½ ft. by 7½ ... 6 4
6 ft. by 8 ...	5 6	7½ ft. by 10 ... 8 8
6½ ft. by 6½ ...	4 14	7½ ft. by 12 ... 10 4
6½ ft. by 9 ...	6 12	8½ ft. by 8½ ... 7 4
7 ft. by 7 ...	5 8	8½ ft. by 15 ... 13 4
7 ft. by 9 ...	7 0	8½ ft. by 16 ... 14 4

DIAMOND PATTERN.

Each Rs. as.		Each Rs. as.
6 ft. by 6 ...	3 4	7 ft. by 7 ... 4 4
6 ft. by 8 ...	4 6	7½ ft. by 10 ... 6 6
6½ ft. by 10 ...	5 14	7½ ft. by 10½ ... 6 12

TABLE NAPKINS.
DAMASK PATTERNS.

Per doz Rs. as.		Per doz Rs. as.
20 in. by 20 ...	4 8	24 in. by 24 ... 5 8

DIAMOND PATTERN.

Per doz. Rs. as.		Per doz. Rs. as.
20 in. by 20 ...	3 12	24 in. by 24 ... 4 12

SIDE SLIPS.
Damask patterns 24 in. wide, Re. 1 per yard.

TOWELS.

24 in. by 34...per doz. Rs.	8 8
34 in. by 45... " "	11 4
34 in. by 50... " "	12 6
34 in. by 54... " "	13 8
28 in. by 36 (Huckaback)... "	6 8

COUNTERPANES.
(White)

5 ft. by 7½ each...Rs.	5 8
7½ ft. by 8½ ft. " ... "	8 8
8½ ft. by 9 ft. " ... "	9 12

TOILET TABLE COVERS.
(White)

30 in. by 48 in. each...Rs.	2 0
30 in. by 54 in " ... "	2 4

SHEETING.
60 inches wide.....12 annas per yard.

SILK CLOTH.
&c., &c.

FOR CASH ONLY.

J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY.

DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE.
"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out Rats, Mice, Bedbugs, Roaches, Bed-bugs, Flies, Ants, Insects, Moths, Chipmunks, Gophers.—Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

BRAND and Co.'s				
Essence of Beef	Rs 1	4	and Rs	2 8
Essence of Mutton	1	8	and	2 12
Essence of Chicken	3	8		

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

INFANTS FOOD.

MELLIN'S INFANT'S FOOD,
Ans. 12 and Re. 1-6.
NEAVE'S FARINACEOUS FOOD,
Ans. 10.
BENGER'S SELF-DIGESTIVE FOOD,
Re. 1-2.
HARDS' FARINACEOUS FOOD,
Ans. 10.
SAVORY & MOORE'S LIEBIG'S FOOD,
Ans. 10.
DU BARRY'S REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD,
Re. 1-4; Rs. 2 and 4.
ANGLO-SWISS CONDENSED MILK,
Ans. 7.
BROWN & POLSON'S CORN FLOUR,
Ans. 9.
BERMUDA ARROWROOT,
Ans. 12.
WEST INDIA ARROWROOT,
Ans. 8.
CALCUTTA ARROWROOT,
Ans. 8.
SPEED'S ARROWROOT,
Ans. 14.
&c. &c. &c.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TOILET AND NURSERY POWDERS.

COOPER, MADON & Co.'S SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.
In tins, Ans. 12 and Re. 1.
In packets Ans. 6 and Ans. 10.
GOSNELL'S EXTRA SCENTED MILLEFLEUR AND ROSE GERANIUM,
Ans. 6 and 12.
RIGAUD'S VALOUTINE POWDER,
Re. 1-4.
RIGAUD'S POUDRE ROSEE,
Re. 1-4.
MATHEW'S FULLER'S EARTH,
As. 10.
RIMMEL'S RICE POWDER,
OR
POUDRE DE RIZ,
In Fancy Paper Boxes with puff complete, Re. 1,
RIMMEL'S VELVETIN,
Re. 1-8.
RIMMEL'S BLANC DE PERLE,
OR
MOTHER O'PEARL WHITE,
Ans. 12.
RIMMEL'S POUDRE DE FENILLES ROSE,
OR
ROSE LEAF POWDER,
As. 12 and Re. 1-4,
SAUNDERS'S BLOOM OF NINON,
OR
FACE POWDER,
White and Pink, each ans. 12.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WANTED, a SECRETARY for the Bombay Chamber of Commerce. Liberal terms will be given to a man possessing special qualifications for the work. Applications to be addressed to the CHAIRMAN, Chamber of Commerce, Graham's Buildings, Bombay. Bombay Chamber of Commerce, 3rd Dec. 1884.

BERAR SURPLUS CASH BALANCES.

WITH reference to the notice published on 22d October last Tenders for the PURCHASE of DEMAND BILLS for Rs. 28,85,00 on the Akola, and for Rs. 27,99,000 on the Amraoti Treasury at various times throughout the season will be received till one o'clock, on TUESDAY, the 16th December, at the Accountant-General's Office, were further particulars may be obtained.
R. GAY,
Accountant-General.
Bombay, 2nd December, 1884.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!

JUST IMPORTED a fresh supply of New Season TASMANIAN JAMS, in 1lb. Tins. For sale at the following REDUCED PRICES:—
Assorted Jams..... { Rs. 3-8 per dozen Tins; or Rs. 16 per case of 5 doz.
Strawberry and Apricot Jams.. { Rs. 4 per dozen Tins; or Rs. 18-8 per case of 5 doz.
Apply to THOMAS LIDBETTER, Apollo-street.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
ESTABLISHED IN 1834.
LARGE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM
ON PARTICIPATING POLICIES
6 YEARS IN FORCE.
EQUAL TO 50 PER CENT.
SPECIAL REDUCED RATES upon ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at 50 years, or before, at death.
Full particulars upon application to
KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries.

FIFTY POUNDS A YEAR FROM AGE 50.

FORM SIMPLE. No Medical Examinations. No restrictive conditions. Full particulars on application to SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay. *Applicants are particularly requested to state date of birth.*

BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

THE ASSOCIATION having determined to send out Agents to the Red Sea Ports and to the East Coast of Africa, invite applications for the office from duly qualified persons. They must possess thorough knowledge of Piece-goods, and are requested to state in their applications the languages with which they are conversant. Salary from Rs. 250 to Rs. 400 per month, according to qualifications, and all travelling expenses paid. Applications to be sent to the undersigned on or before the 8th December, 1884.
By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON,
Secretary.
Bombay, 17th November, 1884.

CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS AND ARMY CLOTH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited,
SOLE CONTRACTORS TO H. M. GOVERNMENT IN INDIA FOR THE SUPPLY OF BLANKETS TO BRITISH TROOPS.

THE Company having at a great cost perfected its machinery for the manufacture of Broad cloths, Serges, great coatings and fabrics of a similar nature, is now in a position to register orders for these goods. The cloths manufactured by this Company are warranted to be of pure wool throughout, and for cheapness, durability and finish will be found unsurpassed.
Price Lists and Samples may be had on application to
THE MANAGER.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the EXISTING LICENSES for the SALE of COUNTRY TOBACCO, SURTI and BEEDIES in the Town of Bombay will expire on the 31st instant. All persons requiring renewal of existing licenses are required to make their applications on or before the 15th idem to the Assistant Collector of Customs in charge, Prince's Dock, in order that there may be sufficient time for the preparation and registry of fresh licenses in cases in which renewal is granted.
Applications for renewal to be made on printed forms which are obtainable at the Tobacco Warehouse. The actual holders of licenses are required to attend in person.
G. F. M. GRANT,
Collector of Customs and Opium.
Bombay, Custom House, 4th December, 1884.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that EXISTING LICENSES for SALE of Europe and American TOBACCO and CHEROOTS in the Town and Island of Bombay will expire on the 31st instant. Under Act IV of 1857 all persons, Hotel Keepers, and others retailing Tobacco Cheroots and all preparations of Tobacco are required to take out licenses which are obtainable on application to the Assistant Collector of Customs in charge Prince's Dock.
The charge for each license is one rupee per annum or for any part of a year.
G. F. M. GRANT,
Collector of Customs and Opium.
Bombay, Custom House, 4th December, 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that TENDERS for the RETAIL SALE of OPIUM in the Town and Island of Bombay from the 1st January to 31st July, 1885, will be received up to 12 noon, Bombay time, on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at the office of the undersigned.
2. Tenderers must specify in their tenders the minimum number of pounds (each of 10 tolas of 180 grains) which they undertake to sell by retail during the term of the Farm and the amount of fee which may offer for the license.
3. Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, which will be returned if the Tender be not accepted.
4. Any information required regarding conditions of sale &c., may be had on application to the Assistant Collector in charge Opium Department.
G. F. M. GRANT,
Collector of Customs and Opium,
Bombay Custom House, 4th December, 1884.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines 1st. 1 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGES and HORSES for monthly hire in Bombay or Poona. For terms, &c., apply to RAMJEE ARDASEER, Mail Contractor, Bund-road, Poona.

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar, ready laid, at very moderate rates.—Pereshaw Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

KIDD and SHADBOLT'S WHISKY. Further supplies by next mail steamer. To prevent disappointment orders should be registered at once. Agents:—PHIPSON & Co.

CHUBB'S SAFES, Writing, Cash, Paper and Key Boxes, Locks and Padlocks. Sole Agent in Bombay, Eduljee Pestonjee, 47 Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Illustrated Price-Lists free by post.

POONA-MADE TONGA in capital order, price Rs. 220. A grey pony, Rs. 50. Apply to H. P. JACOB, Nasik.

WANTED an ASSISTANT for Indent Department, a Parsee or Hindoo. Some previous experience desirable. State salary expected. Address "A. B. C." care of *Bombay Gazette* office.

WANTED a thorough Mechanic with second or the third-class Engineer's certificate; must be a handy man, with testimonials of service. Apply "B. & C." care of this office.

FOR SALE, best table bricks 9" by 4½" by 2½" For rates, &c. apply to the Bombay Brick and Tile Factory, Limited, 32, Medows-street, Fort.

JUST RECEIVED by last mail Good Fresh French Kid Gloves, 2 Buttons, at Rs. 2-4 pair Cash. —Y. A. LACKA & Co., Travelling Kit Warehouse, Hummum-street.

MUSICAL DECANTERS, Musical Chairs, Musical Albums, Musical Boxes playing Hindoostanee, English tunes. Pestonjee Sorabjee & Co., No. 33, Medows-street.

'XMAS.—Just arrived in excellent condition, rea Russian Caviare, Roquefort and Stilton Cheeses' Cobs and Grapes. Apply to GREEN and READ, Apollo-bunder.

SPHYGMOGRAPH and BINAURAL STEPHOSCOPE (superior second-hand) wanted in thorough order. State prices. PULSE *Gazette* office.

IF YOU WANT really good French confectionery and choc late cream in fancy boxes for presentation to your friends and family, go to MORENAS and Co.

WHITE KID GLOVES.—Soft and fresh, 2 buttons, Re. 2 per pair. Best French, 2½ buttons, Rs. 2 per pair. THORPE & Co.,
Opposite Prince of Wales's Statue, Rampart-row, Bombay.

FRENCH GREY KID GLOVES.—Best French, 2 Buttons, Soft and Fresh. Per Pair, Re. 3.
THORPE & Co.,
Masonic Outfitters, Rampart-row, Bombay.

DRESS HATS.—Best Drab Naples Felt, the new shape, Rs. 10-8. Best Black Silk, Rs. 15
THORPE & Co.,
Hatters, Hosiers, Glovers, Rampart-row, Bombay.

SCARVES, TIES, BOWS.—New Stock now has arrived. A large choice. The latest colours and shapes.
THORPE & Co.,
General Outfitters, Rampart-Row, Bombay.

WANTED, a young respectable LADY, as a manageress for a REFRESHMENT BAR. Experience no object. Apply "M.," this office.

AUSTRALIAN HORSES.—Just received a small superior batch of well-bred AUSTRALIAN HORSES imported by Mr. R. J. HUNTER, consisting of first-rate chargers, weight carrying cobs and an exceedingly handsome well-matched pair. These horses are fit for immediate use.

JAMSETJEE MUNCHERJEE, SADDLER and BOOTMAKER, No. 15, Kalbadave-road, just received Double and Single English Harnesses, Saddles, Lady's sideasaddles, pilch for boy or girl. New regulation Infantry saddles with furniture and regulation bridles complete, Boots, Shoes and Harnesses made to order at reasonable rates.

FOR SALE.—One English Bull-Terrier Dog and a Fox-terrier with bitch. Just arrived by the s.s. Bassano.—Apply to 141, Qomerkhary New-road.

NOW READY WIDE-AWAKE STORIES: a Collection of Tales in the Punjab and Kashmir, by F. A. Steel and R. C. Temple. Handsome cloth cover, Rs. 4-8. Packing and Postage As. 7. Apply to The SUPERINTENDENT B. E. S. Press, Byculla.

COTTON CHECKS for Jharan Suits and Light Horse Clothing. The Muir Mills Company, Limited, Cawnpore, have a stock of the above in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the MANAGER AND SECRETARY.

"BANDRA ST. CROSS DAIRY FARM."—Pure and rich milk daily supplied in Bombay from healthy and well-fed cattle. Apply to the Manager.

LOCH-FYNE HERRINGS.—Just received On sale at PEARSE'S at eight per Rupee. 22 and 23 Apollo-street.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Bombay, were the only firm who obtained a Prize Medal for Billiard Balls at the Calcutta Exhibition.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS—Albums, Ladies' Plush and Leather Bags, Purses, Portmonnaies, &c, dressed and undressed Dolls, Bon Bons, &c.,—PEARSE.

LADIES' French Kid, Swede and Silk Gloves, in black and the newest colours. Gent's White Kid Gloves.—Mrs. Lake, 7, Church-gate-street, Fort, Bombay

JOHN MOHOMED, 16, Medow-street, Fort, has just received his New Stock of Diagonal Coatings and Tweed Suitings in all the latest Styles and Colours. Inspection solicited.

WONDERLAND Art Pottery Works. Christmas presents. Reduced prices. Silver Medals, Paris Exhibition, 1878; Adelaide Exhibition, 1881; Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84.—Esplanade, Bombay.

THE BEST CHRISTMAS CARDS in Bombay are at PEARSE'S, Apollo-street. Personally selected in London by J. PEARSE.

SKINNY MEN
"WELLS' Health Renewer" restores Health and Vigour. cures Dyspepsia, Debilit c.—Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay. Sole Agents.

SALES BY AUCTION.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE AUCTION SALE.
15th and 16th December, 1884.
Shunkersett House, Gowalia Tank-road.

The Annual bona-fide CLEARANCE SALE of furniture of Messrs. DEVARENNES and Co. will take place at 1 o'clock on the 15th and 16th instant, at their well known establishment, Shunkersett House.
Catalogues will be ready on the 10th instant. Furniture on view three days before sale.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
15 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, dhoties.
5 cases prints.
8 ,, T red shirtings.
2 ,, marine ornaments.
2 ,, transparent China breakfast and dessert services.
5 casks dinner services.
AT 2 P.M.
1 handsome strong-built new landau, suitable for one horse.
1 second-hand English-built brougham.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF TEAK SQUARE, BATTENS, AND SCANTLINGS.
On WEDNESDAY next, the 10th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder, on account and at the risk of Abba Habib—
FLF —About 3 tons Peemah battens.
B 1-75—75 teak squares, about 53½ tons.
FLF —About 76½ tons battens, &c.
LC —About 22 tons battens, posts, scantlings, boards, and plants.

SALE OF BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE.
On THURSDAY next, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account of the concerned—
A consignment of 14 cases of Bohemian glassware consisting of flower vases, bowls, coffee cups and saucers, tea cups and saucers, water goblets, scent bottles, rose-water bottles, scent frames, sugar stands, powder stands, pickle bottles, card stands, &c., &c.

On SATURDAY, the 13th instant, and the following days, sale commencing at 1 p.m. each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, near Hancock Bridge, the whole of the valuable furniture, &c., of the Hope Hall Family Hotel, removed to the Fort, on account of the lease having expired, consisting of handsomely carved and plain blackwood, teakwood, and mahogany furniture, best plate, rare, crockery and glassware, a mahogany slate billiard table, by Thurston, with balls, cues, and eight light lamp complete, and eight-day clock by James McCabe, another eight-day clock by French Royal Exchange, a 15-day ormolu clock, 12, 8, and 3 light hanging and wall argand lamps, 6 and 10 light chandeliers, by Nash, table ornaments, flower vases, pictures, &c., &c.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 14th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bandora on the Hill-road opposite the Parsee fire-temple, the valuable and handsome carved and plain french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated-ware, rich crockery and glass-ware, table ornaments, flower vases, lamps, pictures, carpets, &c. the property of Mr. DORABJEE NOWROJEE proceeded to China
The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE of furniture, &c, at Sunkersett House, Gowalia Tank-road.
Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. have received instructions from Messrs. Devanrennes and Co. to sell by Public Auction at Sunkersett House, Gowalia Tank-road, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 15th and 16th inst. at 1 p.m., each day their surplus stock of superior furniture, &c., full particulars of which will appear in due course.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before sale.

SALE of an undivided fourth share in a landed property in old Hanooman-lane without the Fort
On WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst. at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the late Krushnanath Balkrustna, the mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 22nd day of March 1884.
All that one-fourth undivided share or interest of him, the said Krushnanath Balkrustna, in all that piece of Government ground together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon situate at old Hanooman-lane without the Fort walls of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 3,719 and new Survey No. 1,568 containing by admeasurement 30½ square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by a public passage called Goassar oart, on the west by the property of Moorarjee Doongersee, on the north by the property of Jumnadass Ramjee and on the south by a public passage called old Hanooman-lane and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 111.
For futher particulars and condition of sale, application may be made to the undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Marine Lines, the very valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood and mahogany household furniture, best electro-plated ware, rich cut bottles and glass ware, rich Dresden and real China and Japanese flower vases, a handsome English built pole phaeton, gentleman's and lady's saddles, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs, pots, &c., the property of Colonel G. F. BEVILLE, Commandant, Marine Battalion.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE of Grain sweepings, old wood, iron, &c, at the Prince's Dock.
Under instructions from the Prince's Dock, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Prince's Dock on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m.
A quantity of grain sweepings, old wood, iron, &c.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m. at Cowasjee Patell-street, Fort, close to the Dufter Ashkara Press, the valuable and handsome french-polished, carved and plain blackwood and teak, wood household furniture, large size pier glasses in gilt frames, rich table ornaments, superior China flower vases and jars, &c., &c., of which full particulars will be given hereafter.
The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 8th December, 1884.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Unserviceable stores, corrugated Iron, foundation-stones, &c., at the Carnac Bunder Iron Works.
TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 9th inst. at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at the abovementioned place—
A quantity of unserviceable stores, corrugated iron, foundation-stones, and many other sundry articles.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 8th December, 1884.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE of wines, billiard-fittings, croquet sets, shop and household furniture, &c., &c.
Under instructions from the Committee of the Byculla Club the undersigned will sell by Public Auction at their sale room, No. 4, Forbes and Meadow-streets, Fort, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., consisting of unlaced wines, champagne, hock, beer, &c., in quarts and pints, sets of English billiard cushions, balls, cloth, cues, pockets, buttons &c., large copper coffee percolator, English jelly moulds, clock, croquet sets &c.
Also on the same day, time and place by order of C. A. Turner, Esquire, Official Assignee H. C., and in re Ruttonjee Dorabjee Mistry carried on business in the name of Ramsay & Co. (insolvent,) consisting of a few bottles and pints of medoc, still hock, and wines, few tins stores, E. P. tea and coffee sets, fancy articles, glasses, cigarettes, fancy album, glass-door cupboards, centre show case, office writing-tables, walking-sticks, stick-stand, copper vessels, &c.
Also the property of Surgeon-Major R. Keith, A. M. D., consisting of rich cut bottom and plain glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and tea sets, water filter, copper utensils, hurricane and duplex hero-line lamps, cane reclining chair, saddle stands, circular tables, field boot case.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 8th December, 1884.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

ON THURSDAY, the 11th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of a grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.,—
3 cases coloured prints,
5 bales grey shirtings,
10 bales grey dhoties
2 ,, colored Spanish stripes
1000 bundles steel hoop iron
On account of Motilal Bhogilall Damania—
ex S. S. "Tasmania"
B B C—13780—1-3—1 cases German-silver wire
1 ,, German-silver sheets
MENESSE & CO.
Bombay, 8th December, 1884.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS
Sold by all Stationers.
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

STEEL BOILERS.

DANIEL ADAMSON & CO.
ENGINEERS AND BOILER-MAKERS,
DUKINFIELD, NEAR MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

ORIGINAL PATENTEES OF
THE ADAMSON FLANGE SEAM FLUE
Of which many thousands are now in use, and also of BOILERS HAVING ALL RIVET HOLES DRILLED IN POSITION
AFTER PLATES ARE SENT INTO FORM.
BOILERS of all types, in STEEL or IRON
With all rivet holes drilled by special system.
DANIEL ADAMSON & Co. have, for the last TWENTY YEARS, made STEEL BOILERS A SPECIALITY and have over
2,200 STEEL BOILERS
Now working at pressures from 50 lbs. to 160 lbs. per square inch.
ENGINES of all descriptions. THE WHEELOCK AUTOMATIC EXPANSION ENGINE, Centennial Medal and Diploma, Philadelphia, 1876; Grand Prize, Paris, 1878 and Silver Prize, Cincinnati, 1880, in competition with the Corliss and other Automatic expansion Engines.
Established 1851 THE ONLY OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM OF THE NAME IN BOMBAY.
Sole Agent for Western India,
CONSULTING AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEER,
23, Apollo-street, Bombay.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."
For Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick relief Complete permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.—Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Criminal Sessions, 11 a.m.
Arrival of Lord Dufferin, evening.
Band, B. V. R., Esplanade, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 6th:—Kashgar (s), from Hongkong; and Cachemire (s), Cardiff.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 6th:—Trafalgar, for Calcutta; Ascalon (s), Rangoon; Bhundara (s), Galle; and Cuba (s), Dunkirk.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Esplanade Bandstand this evening at 5-45:—

Overture.....	Preciosa..... Weber.
Gavotte	Willkommen ..... Kluss.
Grand March	Rienzi ..... R. Wagner.
Valse.....	Goldene Mythen ..... Fahrbach Junr.
Polka.....	A child of the Time ....Carl.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BAND NOTICE.—The band of the E. Y. Regiment will not play in public until further notice.

RIPON MEMORIAL FUND.—The Bombay High School has subscribed Rs. 75 to the Ripon Memorial Fund.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Atrato entered the dock on the 5th, and the s. s. Kashgar and the s. s. Cachemire on the 6th inst.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—Total number treated in November 6,596; daily average 219; new admissions 1,339; total number of children 2,473.

SPECIAL JURY.—We are requested by the Sheriff to intimate that gentlemen of the special jury are all required to be in attendance at the High Court at 11 o'clock this morning.

A VISITOR TO THE HIGH COURT.—Dulput Singjee, Thakore of Pal, in the Mahee Kanta, visited the High Court on Saturday, and sat for some time on the bench with Mr. Justice Bayley at the Criminal Sessions.

SUNKERSETT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of patients treated in this dispensary during the last month was 2,621. Of these 953 were new admissions, consisting of 391 Hindoos, 466 Musulmans, 64 Parsees, 30 Christians, and 2 of other castes; the average daily attendance being 87·36.

MARINE COURT.—A Marine Court of Inquiry will assemble to-day at 12 o'clock noon at the Fort Police Court to investigate the circumstances connected with the late collision near Dabool between the two sister steamers belonging to Messrs. Shepherd and Co. The court will be composed of Mr. C. P. Cooper, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, as President, and Captain W. Simpson, of the s. s. Highfield, and Captain Phillip Harris, of the s.s. Gwallor, as assessors.

MEDICAL AND PHYSICAL SOCIETY.—The usual monthly meeting of this society was held in the University Hall on Friday. Present—Dr. Carter, president, in the chair. Members—Drs. Dymock, Cook, C. Hormasjee, J. F. Gonsalves, Blair, Brown, and Collie, with Hatch and Manser, joint honorary secretaries. Drs. F. Mackenzie and Elbe were also present as visitors. Business:—The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Surgeon Major Barry was declared a member of the society under rule V. Papers:—A clinical note on the remittent fevers of Bombay, by the president, was read by one of the honorary secretaries, and gave rise to considerable discussion. A paper on Lithotomy, by Assistant Surgeon E. Mackenzie, was read by one of the honorary secretaries. Exhibit:—The President showed a specimen illustrating an usual termination of hepatic abscess. The meeting then terminated.

THEFTS.—At the Fort Police Court, on Saturday, before Mr. Cooper, Roodra Ramchandra was charged with house-breaking and theft of a box of cigars and other articles, valued at Rs. 10. The property was kept in the shop of one Yacoob Moodra, at Haines-road. About the 2nd inst. the complainant's shop was broken open and ransacked. The police traced the theft to the prisoner, who, on pleading guilty was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.—Shamshoodeen Mahomed Hoosein was charged with the theft of one brass kettle and three Korans. The accused was allowed to sleep in a masjid, and there was very busy reminding the faithful that it was prayer-time he laid hold of that official's Koran and tea-kettle, and was making off with it. As he was passing out of the room the kettle happened to knock against the door, and the noise attracted the attention of the crier, who at once stopped shouting and apprehended him. On him were found two other Korans which the pious thief had stolen from the musjid. His worship sentenced him to two months' imprisonment.

FIRE AT THE PRINCE OF WALES MILLS.

A FIRE broke out yesterday morning at about half-past 9 o'clock in a detached godown in the compound of the Prince of Wales Spinning and Weaving Mills at Chinchpoogly-road. The steam fire-engine of the mill, and also that of the Great Eastern Mills, which adjoin it, speedily set to work on the burning mass, receiving their supply of water from a tank in the compound of the Prince of Wales Mills. Under the direction of Mr. Hamnets

PORTUGUESE ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION IN INDIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The letter signed by "Justice" is written in forgetfulness of the fact that there is no parallel between the jurisdiction exercised by the Archbishop of Braga as Primate of Spain, and that exercised by the Archbishop of Goa as Primate of the East. The former is nominal; the latter is real. The missionaries serving in British India, Ceylon, etc., are under the immediate orders of the Archbishop of Goa, and are maintained by the Portuguese Government. The British Government is too enlightened to be led away by the theory that the spiritual jurisdiction of a Portuguese prelate over their subjects is inconsistent with the political supremacy of the British Empire. If such were the case millions of Mahomedans, subjects of Her Majesty, must be cut away from their spiritual head, the Sultan of Turkey. I cannot refrain from noting the attempts of a section of the Catholic community in British India to dispose of the other section, and to justify the usurpation political reasons which do not exist are called to their aid. If there were no Padroado to be gained, I assure you that "Justice" and your two Catholic contemporaries would care for the royal prerogative as little as they would for the Portuguese sovereignty over the King of Coago. The *India Catholica* does not reply to the pertinent query whether a man receiving pay from a Government to which he had sworn fidelity could break its laws with impunity. I am charged with insinuation, and your pious contemporary prays for my enlightenment. I am very thankful for the compliment, and would ask it to reserve its prayers for the Madras Bishops, who, by giving a rude shock to its cherished doctrine "no recourse to civil authority in ecclesiastical matters," have made themselves more deserving of the solicitude of your contemporary than your poor correspondent

COMMON-SENSE.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In answer to your correspondent "Justice," I may state that the reason why the Archbishop Amorin and Pessoa was not recalled for executing the Brief *Probe Nostris* (obreptitiously and subreptitiously obtained) was this. Archbishop Amorin, when in Rome in November, 1862, telegraphed to Mr. Mendes Leal, Minister of Marine and Ultramar at that time, asking his instructions how to act in the matter of some restrictions imposed upon him. Mr. Mendes Leal's reply was to comply with everything, without, however, knowing that one of those restrictions was the execution of the said Brief *Probe Nostris*. Archbishop Amorim in good-faith executed the Brief, and on his officially communicating the fact to the Lisbon Cabinet, it was discovered how the error was committed, neither of the parties being in any way blamable for their infringement of the Royal prerogative. Mr. Mendes Leal and the Archbishop are still alive, and, if necessary, both will confirm my statement. Besides, there were other reasons on this occasion. Dom Amorim de Pessoa was vouchsafed to the Primacial See of Goa after it had remained thirteen years vacant. Would "Justice" tell me whether the whole Portuguese nation was at the time Masonic, that none of its sons could be found to fill the vacant see, or was it kept in a prolonged widowhood for the better propagation of religion? While new vicariates were created and Bishops consecrated in favour of Propaganda Fide in India, the Holy See does not find a single prelate or priest to occupy the Archepiscopal chair of Goa, whose jurisdiction however, extended from India to China. "Justice" wishes to persuade the public that it is only the Government that opposes the promulgation of Papal decrees. Will he be surprised to know that the Portuguese prelates have maintained the same opinion by repudiating Papal Briefs when they encroached upon the rights of the Padroado? Let us hear what the Archbishop Torres says in his memorable reply, dated 24th May, 1844, to the Pastoral of Fr. Luis Maria, Vicar Apostolic of Bombay, who made every attempt to induce the Archbishop of Goa to obey the Briefs of encroachment which were not forwarded to him through the proper channel. "The Bulls of our nomination," says the Archbishop, "like those of our predecessors, confer on us the entire jurisdiction which they exercised. The Vicar Apostolic of Bombay insinuates that a *Brief Epistolar* has restricted our jurisdiction to Goa only." After giving solid reasons that the Pope is incapable of playing a double game he concludes: "That it being impossible to the Holy Father to wish to do, in the face of the whole world, what is unjust and dishonest, the Vicar Apostolic could never prove that the Holy See could have been the author of so much iniquity, and if such were the case (which appears to be impossible) we should not be so ignorant of the canons and ecclesiastical discipline that we should think our Bulls cancelled by a *Brief Epistolar* clandestinely obtained." "It is sufficiently proved that the Brief *Mluto Preclare*, ignoring the valuable services rendered by the Portuguese sovereigns to the Catholic religion in India, was extorted from the Pope in good-faith by means of injustice, ambition, and imposture. We were so secure of the amplitude of our jurisdiction that we could hardly conjecture that to impugn our jurisdiction the malice of men who call themselves Catholics should have invented and attributed to the Vicar of Jesus Christ (who ought to be the Truth, like him) the ugliest of treacheries which it did not surprise us that it was possible for the heresy, the libertinage, the schism, or the immorality to invent and attribute to him." In spite of these alleged Briefs, the Portuguese jurisdiction is continuing still. The only inference I can draw is that the so-called Briefs of encroachment are either apocryphal, or the Holy See does not venture to execute them without the consent of the Portuguese King. Let "Justice" choose the alternative he pleases.

As regards the subject of the Royal placet being unnecessary in British India, and specially in Bombay, Salsette, Bassein, &c., I say that the British Government by several treaties have promised not to interfere in the question of the Padroado. Besides, the treaty of the cession of Bombay as dowry of the Queen Catharina amongst other clauses contain with reference to religion the following:—"That actual Vicars and their successors shall be appointed by the Diocesan Prelate of Goa, as heretofore, and the churches of Bombay reserved to the real Padroado with all prerogatives and authority which did hereto belong; and His Portuguese Majesty does absolutely and perpetually reserve to himself and his successors, in such a way that any infringement of this principal article will become null other articles of the first treaty and of this convention; and if the British Crown at any time may attempt to do the contrary, it is to be understood that if they violate what has been promised and agreed upon, then the right of the Island will revert to the Crown of Portugal, the Catholic faith being one of the essential conditions of the cession and delivery of the Island."

This treaty is registered in the books of the Church of N. S. de Esperanca of this city, formerly under the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Goa, and now under that of Bishop Meurin. I respectfully invite his lordship to read the treaty, and if he does find that he has intruded upon other Prelates' jurisdiction, then give it up to the right party. None of the clauses just referred to have been officially revoked by either of the contracting parties. I understand, however, that the laxity on both sides should not be sufficient ground for the Apostolic Vicars to usurp the Padroado's churches erected, endowed, and maintained by Portuguese money. The Portuguese Government is very desirous to maintain the Padroado, and for this purpose the Marquis of Thomar, the Portuguese Ambassador at Rome has been vigorously pressing the question, which the congregation of the Propaganda Fide has been eagerly opposing in order to abolish the Padroado.

You will thus see that Portugal is contesting the question of right, which the Apostolic vicars are disputing by force, even seeking the intervention of the Secretary of State for India in an ecclesiastical matter against the canons of the Catholic Church, the infractors of which are unfortunately the very prelates who ought to have been the staunch defender.

AN OBSERVER.

Bombay, 4th December, 1884.

III.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent "Justice" makes some allusions to the history of the old Goa schism. Sympathising with his opinions in the main, I beg to offer a few remarks on the historical points. He thinks, in common with another correspondent of yours, "Veritas" (of November 12), that it was D. Amorim Pessoa who published the sentence of excommunication pronounced in the *Probe Nostris*. That Brief of Pius IX. is dated May 9, 1853. Moreover, the Pope did not in the *Probe Nostris* excommunicate the four priests therein named, but merely declared that they had already incurred the censures and penalties of their conduct, and that they should be regarded as schismatics, if within two months from the publication of the said document they would not repent. Again, Archbishop John Chrysostom D. Amorim Pessoa was translated to the Archdiocese of Goa by Letters Apostolic which are dated March 22, 1861. The ordinary who should have put into execution the Brief *Probe Nostris* was D. Joachim de Santa Rita Botelho, who was then the Vicar Capitular of the See, and who styled himself "Bishop Elect of Cochin." But he, good man, wrote a Pastoral to tell his priests that the Brief was null, apocryphal, detestable, and so forth. Dr. Joseph Mary da Silva Torres, the immediate predecessor of D. Amorim Pessoa, was translated from Goa to the See of Palmyra i. p. i. in the Consistory held at Gaeta on December 22, 1849; and he was made Coadjutor to the Archbishop of Braga, with the right of succession in the Secret Consistory of February 17, 1851. Yet, I have read a Circular about the Concordat of 1857, bearing the date of April 26 of that year, and signed by J. Archbishop Primate. I shall be very thankful if any of your readers will explain how this is.

"Justice" calls attention to a fact that seems not to be generally known. In fact, the Archbishop of Goa is an Apostolic Delegate with regard to his extraordinary jurisdiction in British territory. That is the title under which it was conceded to him in the Brief *Ad reparanda damna* of March 22, 1861.

The appeal of "Justice" to the British Government would come with better grace from the millions of British Indian Catholics than from individuals. I submit, if all Catholics under British rule in India were of the same mind with "Justice" we should have little trouble with the question of "the good old gentleman, Padroado," the announcement of whose obsequies has created such a sensation. Allow me, sir, to add in passing that I shall be glad to learn when "Spain was a Portuguese country."

December 5. J. DE S.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE NEW MEHOMEDAN SHERIFF.

Indian Spectator:—Conferred upon a Moslem brother, we feel as if the Shrievalty of Bombay had descended on our own devoted head. Let Government be assured that the entire native community appreciates its choice. We might perhaps have preferred it falling on an older Musulman solicitor, whom we know as little as we know the lucky recipient of the honour. But that was a mere personal feeling, and it makes room for the sincere satisfaction with which we view Mr. Sayani's elevation to the civic valhalla. It ought to stimulate his zeal for the progress of his long-neglected class.

Rast Goftar:—The Mahomedan community had this strong argument in their favour, that hitherto no Mahomedan had received the honour of Shrievalty. This argument had great weight with His Excellency the Governor, who took this opportunity to fulfil an undertaking which he had promised long ago. Mr. Sayani's name is by no means inferior to that of any other Mahomedan candidate. He was the first M. A. and an LL. B. amongst the Mahomedans, and we are of opinion that Sir James Fergusson has selected the fittest man from the Mahomedan community for the honour.

Kaisar-i-Hind:—When we first discussed the question of the Shrievalty some time ago, we stated it as our opinion that this year the claims of the Mahomedan community to the honour were strong. Government have, in appointing Mr. Sayani to the Shrievalty, done simple justice to the community to which he belongs.

Jam-i-Jamshed:—When the claims of a Mahomedan candidate were put forward, several discouraging rumours were set afloat. Some said that a solicitor could not be elected. Others alleged that another person carried the appointment, signed and sealed, in his pocket, Sir James has proved that he is not a person to be easily led away by outside influences.

Bombay Samachar:—We congratulate Mr. Sayani and his community on the honour. Sir James deserves credit for having paid due attention to the voice of the native press.

Akhbare Soudagar:—Mr. Sayani is an instance of what an energetic young man can do by force of education. He richly deserves the honour, and we heartily congratulate him.

Yezdan Parast:—The native press has made its voice heard. The Governor has thought fit to listen to the unanimous call of the native communities. The appointment is satisfactory in every respect.

THE RETIRING VICEROY.

WE are not much in the way of understanding the etiquette of reception and entertainment. But it would be a pity if the arrangements made at Bombay for the retiring Viceroy were not made known to the people in time. Large numbers are expected to be in town from the outlying districts, as also from the moffussil. The Bombayites are, of course, very anxious to have a look at the *Burr Lad* and his *Bibi*. There will be a grand turnout on their arrival and departure. The local authorities had better indulge the spectators to the full.—*Indian Spectator*.

GOVERNORS' LEVÉES.

GOVERNORS' levées, at least in Bombay, have now reached a level from which they are descending. And it is natural that the authorities should think of a plan to keep this useful little institution within the bounds of decency. As to officials, it seems to us that heads of departments would be a large enough number for reception. Then, occasionally to ask non-officials. From this class we now and again hear of men attending levées and Government-house-parties, whose proper place would be in very much less comfortable quarters. But, apart from such persons, the number of idle men is generally so great that an honest citizen has often to forego the privilege of paying his respects to Her Majesty's representative. There are men who would never care to rub shoulders with starving upstarts; it would be better if His Excellency gave audience to a select few from each section, men worth knowing and talking to in the public interests. The rest might be relegated to a side room where His Excellency could salaam them once for all. Let the retired head of each of the longfaced gentry taking up a minute or two by his elaborate obeisance. If Sir James thinks of shaking them off altogether he mistakes his men. They love too well moving amongst the Sahibs and there may be a good deal of work who make a living out of official chits and smiles and nods of recognition. These social pirates ought to be shunned. Besides swindling a simpleton here and there they help to swell a large number of whom there need not be a breath of suspicion. These are vested interests and Sir James Fergusson whose love of the good and the pure is his highest title to our esteem might have put them down had he but known how to do it. But he could not cope with the legion of respectable elderly men whose sole ambition in life is to be known to local magnates. What will they not give to be in the presence of some great officer? What means, what arts, what tricks they employ to obtain an interview! We know one of these whose love of the great is so great indeed that he might commit suicide to-morrow if assured that the Governor would attend his funeral. Who could find it in heart to prevent such an one from going to the levée? Be kind to him, ye powers that be; tenderly turn away the shears from his name! Cut him off from the levée and life is over with him.—*Indian Spectator*.

ARRIVAL OF LORD RIPON IN CALCUTTA.

THE reception accorded to Lord Ripon on his return to the Presidency on Wednesday afternoon by the native community will long be remembered by those who witnessed it, and will mark a page in the history of Calcutta which will always be perused with pleasure. It was not, as a local journal said the other day, the expression of feeling of a narrow or isolated section of the community, but the unanimous homage of all classes of the people, in which the enlightened and better informed members of native society took a conspicuous part. The reception was enthusiastic to a degree, and baffles all powers of description. When the announcement that Lord Ripon was about to vacate his high office was first received, the people, it is no exaggeration to say, were not only startled, but paralysed, and the instant it recovered from the shock, the first idea, spontaneous throughout the length and breadth of the land, was how they could best express their feelings towards a ruler who, however he had failed to carry out his benevolent intentions towards them, had done his best to govern all impartially. How those feelings have been expressed, the contrition manifested to the Lordship in different parts of India amply testifies. It was to be expected, therefore, that Calcutta, the acknowledged metropolis of India, would not be behind other cities in her greeting of the departing Viceroy, and yesterday she gave the best demonstration. His Excellency, with Lady Ripon and his personal Staff, arrived at the Sealdah Terminus at 20 minutes past 4 o'clock by special train. To say that the platform was gaily decorated, would be conveying but a poor idea of the arrangements. The station was literally 'dressed' out in a profusion of foliage and bunting; every archway and cornice being decorated with a skill which reflected credit on Mr. Price, who had the management of the entire decoration, and on Messrs. Morgan, Little, Gonet, and Farmer, of the Eastern Bengal State Railway. At the eastern end of the platform seats had been provided for some 400 to 500 gentlemen, to whom special cards of invitation had been issued. Every one of these seats was occupied by leading members of all sections of the native community, with a sprinkling of European ladies and gentlemen, fully an hour before the arrival of the special train, and the utmost order prevailed throughout. His Excellency on alighting was received by Mr. H. L. Harrison, the Commissioner of Police, Mr. C. C. Stevens, the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnas, Mr. A. W. Paul, and by three of his own aides-de-camp. As the Viceroy stepped out of his saloon carriage, the whole assembly stood up, while the Eastern Bengal Railway Volunteers, who formed a guard-of-honour on the platform, presented arms, the band playing the National Anthem; the Sham Bazar Amateur Concert band, who were also on the platform, striking up immediately the Volunteer band ceased. "See the Conquering Hero Comes." A deputation from the Ripon Reception and Memorial Committee, consisting of H. H. the Maharajah of Durbhungah, Raja Rajendra Narain Deb, Kumar Indra Chunder Singh, Kumar Nil Krishna, Nawab Abdool Luteef, Prince Jehan Kadr, Dr. Mohendro Lal Sircar, Rev. Dr. Banerjee, Syed Ameer Hosein, Pundit Mohesh Chunder Nyaratna, and Mr. R. D. Mehta, waited upon his Excellency and welcomed him on behalf of the native community. The members of the deputation were then introduced to his Excellency, after which a procession was formed; and as the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Ripon were conducted to their carriage, a number of little girls, dressed alike, strewed flowers before them, the assembly cheering his Excellency by saying, *Lord Ripon-ki-jai*. As their Excellencies stepped out of the hall into the partico, two small girls, the children of Mr. Monmohun Ghose and Baboo Norendro Nath Sen, presented Lady Ripon with a bouquet which was graciously received. The 17th Native Infantry, which were drawn up outside the station and which furnished a guard-of-honour, then presented arms; while a band of native songsters known as the Nobo Boolloor Company, who were in the hall, sang a song of greeting. Their Excellencies then drove away, and were followed to Government House by the members of the deputation in their respective carriages. As the Viceregal cortege came in view of the crowd, the air rang with enthusiastic cheering which was kept up all along the route. The scene along Bow Bazaar-street was, perhaps, the grandest. The foot-paths on either side were literally packed, and every house-top had its swarming load of people. The entire route, from the Sealdah station to the Esplanade entrance of Government House was lined on either side with venetian masts, festooned alternately with parti-colored paper and foliage, giving the streets a very gay appearance. Nearly opposite the Boitakhana Church of the Lady of Dolours was a triumphal arch, representing one of the four main gateways of Government House, which bore on one side the words "Welcome India's most Beloved Viceroy," and on the other "Peace," "Reform," and "Retrenchment." The Oxford Mission House and the Notoon Bazaar on the right were neatly decorated, while the Eastern Bengal Railway Volunteer head-quarters' building displayed a lot of bunting. Every little shopkeeper in this street had made some effort at decoration, the most prominent of these being a money-changer's shop at the head of Nabootollah-lane, which, besides a number of bannerets, exhibited the following words, very artistically done in cotton and red baize, "Forget us not." Looking down the street from Nabootollah, the first thing which attracted attention was a prominent inscription which stretched across the street, "Choonapookur-lane, greeting," beyond which Messrs. P. D. Chunder, tailors, &c., had put up a cloth archway, a triumph of tailoring skill, displaying the words "Ripon the Just" in the centre, and "Liberty" and "Equality" on either side. Alongside, is the residence of Mr. Anundo Mohun Bose, barrister-at law and Dr. M. M. Bose, which was also very handsomely decorated, and literally studded with appropriate mottoes, such as "Welcome to our departing Viceroy," "Let Justice Reign though Heavens Fall," "Righteousness Exalteth a Nation," "Equality," "Liberty," ect. The Calcutta Art Studio had a well-done painting over the gateway, with the words "Ripon Ki Jai," and Dr. A. Kastigir, a few doors further off, had decorated his premises very attractively, displaying such sentences as "God bless our beloved Viceroy," "Salem Righted," "Self-government," &c. The premises of the Calcutta Institution and the Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science were also effectively dressed out, the latter displaying a well got up inscription indicative of the interest his Lordship had taken in the progress of science in India generally, and in the welfare of Dr. Mohendro Lal Sircar's Institution in particular. In Wellington-street nearly every house and shop had been decorated. A triumphal arch was erected opposite Hidaram Banerjee's, and the book-shop on the left, and the premises of Baboos Gonesh Chunder and Sree Nath Dass on the right, were gorgeously decked out in bunting flowers, and foliage. A *nowbutkhana*, erected at the head of Bacharam Okur's-lane, had the very impressive words "Remember India" on it, and a house on a line with the *nowbutkhana*, displayed the following lines of poetry:

Sail in, India, smile, to greet a Viceroy dear,
Leap, dance, and sing—a vernal costume wear.

Almost all the leading native gentlemen in the street, namely, Dr. Soorjee Coomar Surbadhicari, Baboo Kissori Lal Dhur, Baboo Rakhal Sen, Baboo Biprodas Pal Chowdry, the Baboo Jogesh Chunder Dutt, had decorated their premises; the residence of Baboo Jogesh Chunder Dutt in particular being tastefully done up, and showing to great advantage. In Hurrumcullah Street, beyond two triumphal arches, one opposite the Methodist Church, and the other near the Mahomedan mosque, there were, the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart excepted, which exhibited a few flags and transparencies, no attempt at individual decoration whatever.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The Viceregal party arrived at Government House at a quarter to 5 p.m., where the Royal Warwickshire Regiment and the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, who furnished guards-of-honour, presented arms, the bands playing the National anthem. On alighting, Their Excellencies were received at the grand staircase by his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal and a large gathering of European and native gentlemen, among whom were the Hon. Mr. Hunter, Hon. Mr. Hope, Hon. Mr. Gibbon, Hon. Mr. Quinton, Hon. Mr. Gibbs, Hon. Mr. Millett, Hon. Sir Stewart Bayley, Hon. Mr. Reynolds, Hon. Peary Mohun Mookerjee, Hon. Baikanta Nath Dey, Hon. Mr. Macaulay, Hon. Justice Wilson, Hon. Justice Prinsep, Hon. Justice Cunningham, Hon. Justice McDonnel, Hon. Justice Macpherson, Hon. Justice O'Kinealy, Hon. Justice Prinsep, Hon. Mr. Cockerell, Brigadier-General Wilkinson and Staff, Sir Charles Macgregor, Col. Colley, Captain Hewett, Mr. A. P. McDonnell, Col. Walton, Mr. Veasey, Mr. H. J. S. Cotton, Mr. E. B. Garrett, Mr. W. R. Brook, Mr. J. Westland, Archbishop Goethals, Rev. Father Lafont, Rev. Father Rodrigues, Mr. Cappell, Mr. L. P. Brougham, Mr. Lambert, Lieut. Stiffe, Mr. J. W. Edgar, Mr. F. J. Marsden, Mr. Lee Warner, Mr. Adams, Col. Dupre, Col. Trevor, Mr. Holderness, Mr. Thomas Jones, Mr. Manockjee Rustomjee, Mr. J. F. Brown, &c. Their Excellencies were received by Sir Jotindra Mohun Tagore, Maharaja Soorendro Mohun Tagore, the Maharaja of Bettiah, Nawab Dilar Jung, Bahadoor, Maharaja Harendra Krishna, Maharaja Narendra Krishna, Baboo Koonjo Lal Banerjee, Baboo Ram Coomar Sen, the heir-less Rajah Dey, Nawab Mir Mahomed Ali, Baboo Jadoo Lall Mullick, Raja Poorna Chunder Singh, and Baboo Lall Behary Bysack.

The above but a poor description of the decorations which formed but a part only of the demonstration. About 2,000 people, decorated with red crosses, having on them the inscription "Ripon the Just," lined the route from Sealdah to Dhurrumtollah, and large numbers of native gentlemen carried flags, bearing different mottoes, such as Liberty of the Press, Local Self-government, Queen's Proclamation Upheld, Equality before the Law, Long Live Ripon, and Bless the Queen, Righteousness Exalteth a Nation, Justice is Strength, Truth will Triumpt, A Nation's Prayer attend the Nation's Hope, Ripon the Good, Ripon the Just, Welcome, Liberty, Peace, etc. etc. etc. Some thousands of boquets were presented to the Viceroy and Lady Ripon, and basketsful of flower and khoie were thrown at the Viceregal carriage. This is known as the ceremony of *Laja burshun* and is the highest honour which a Hindoo can bestow on his king. Hindoo ladies of respectability joined in the reception, and sounded the sacred *konch* from the different house-tops. There were about thirty native bands roshun and chowkis on the *nowabkhanas* and in the streets, and about half-a-dozen amateur concert parties, composed of well-to-do, respectable native gentlemen, who discoursed music as the *cortege* passed by. The boys of the Bow Bazaar School repeated some verses of welcome, and the book-shop of the Bow Bazaar Market, and the students of the City College, the Presidency Institution, the University School, the Calcutta Institution, and other educational establishments, posted themselves at different places, carrying flags and banners, inscribed with mottoes commemorative of some event during Lord Ripon's Viceroyalty. Flag-bearers from Maharaja Komul Krishna and Raja Rajendro Narain Deb's houses, and the houses of different wards of the town were also represented by flagbearers, bearing the number of the ward on their flags. Their Excellencies were cheered along the entire line of route, and the Viceregal carriage had frequently to pass through showers of flowers which were showered into it. The reception was intensely enthusiastic, and it is a pleasure to be able to say that the proceedings went off without a hitch. Messrs. W. C. Bonnerjee, Kristo Kissore, R. D. Mehta, and Soorendro Nath Banerjee were the four working members of the Committee to whom the thanks of the people are due for the success which attended the arrangements.—*Statesman*.

LORD RIPON'S RETIREMENT.

THE following is the text of the address which will be presented to Lord Ripon on his arrival in Bombay, by the Satara Municipality.

To His Excellency the Most Honorable George Frederick Samuel, Marquis of Ripon, K.G., P.C., G.C.B., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor-General of India, &c. &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,—We, the Municipal Commissioners of the Town of Satara, in the Presidency of Bombay, beg most respectfully to express to your Excellency our profound gratitude for the noble and generous spirit which has actuated your Excellency in the government of the numerous nationalities which inhabit this great country, and the uniform beneficence of your rule. No Viceroy, within our lifetime, has succeeded in evoking such universal gratitude, in strengthening the bonds of union which bind the varied races of this country to the Throne of Her Most Gracious Majesty, the Queen of England and the Empress of India. We are fully aware of the acts of many great and noble Viceroys, who have ruled this vast country with wisdom and beneficence, and with a single eye to the advancement of its people. But few of them have called forth such a universal feeling of loyalty to our Sovereign and affection for Her Representative.

The conquest and government of distant and alien nations is a privilege as supremely responsible as it is glorious. In the inscrutable dispensation of Providence this "Land of Bahrat" has passed into the hands of the great English nation, and the natives of this country are truly thankful that God has called such a generous and wise people to rule over them. From the very commencement almost of their dominion, the English people have ruled this great country with a sense of responsibility, and for the benefit and advancement of its people. But it is not given to all rulers of men to feel sympathy with subject races, and to enter into their feelings and aspirations. Now and then, however, noble and generous minds, rising superior to their provincial nationality and the pride of race, feel broad and human sympathy with the alien people, whom they are called on to rule, and conscious of the sacredness of their trust, and convinced that true greatness and dominion lie not in keeping in subjection and degradation conquered nations, but in elevating and revivifying them, they set before themselves the noble task of ameliorating their condition by liberal and beneficent measures, and implanting the seeds of a new national life. Thus they become the true benefactors of the Human Race.

In your first public speech your Excellency truly observed, "I should prefer that your judgment should be pronounced, as I am sure it will be, intelligently and fairly upon my conduct, when I have been able to judge of me by my acts. I can only say this, that it will be my constant endeavour to devote earnestly and assiduously any powers which I may possess faithfully to discharge my duty to my Sovereign, and to the people of India." All India has publicly declared how fully your Excellency has redeemed these words. Your Excellency's administration has been conducted on a generous and liberal policy, and on the fundamental principle of the equality, in the eye of the law, of all Her Majesty's subjects, of whatever colour or creed, and that above all your Excellency has nobly striven to give a new impetus to our slumbering national life. The Liberation of the Vernacular Press; the encouragement given to Native Arts and Industries, by making the purchase of home-made articles, wherever practicable, compulsory in all departments of State; the appointment of an Imperial Commission to inquire fully into the state and prospects of National Education; the promulgation of the now historical resolution of the 18th May, 1882, conferring on the nation at large the privilege of Local Self-Government, as an instrument of political and popular education; Orders issued on the subject of giving more publicity to Legislative measures; the circular sent to Local Governments, enjoining moderate assessments on land—a boon to a hundred million State Ryots and their dependants—and directing suspension, or even total remission of State land revenue in times of scarcity and famine; the reduction of Salt Duty; the attempt to relieve India from any portion of the cost of the Egyptian Expedition; the Resolution on the encouragement to be given to private enterprize; the Bengal Tenancy Bill, for the protection of the just rights of tenants; the elevation of natives of ability and integrity to the highest posts in the government of their own country; and last, though not least, the native Jurisdiction Bill, removing certain disabilities of the people of this country, and recognizing them as possessing equal rights with Her Majesty's British subjects—these and many other measures, with which your Excellency's short but beneficent rule is crowded, and which one and all are marked with sound and enlightened policy, are both calculated to promote the progress and well-being of our beloved country, and to attach us more firmly to the Throne of Her Gracious Majesty, our Queen-Empress, who has sent out a Viceroy with commands to promote our advancement and happiness, and thus to fulfil Her Gracious Will, as declared in the Great Royal Proclamation of 1858.

We beg to conclude this Farewell-Address in the words the people of our Province used in a public Address they despatched to your Excellency on 29th October, 1882:—"Allow us to express our heartfelt conviction that by the memorable Resolution of 18th May last, and by your other measures, your Excellency has not only given a new start to the life of a great and ancient nation, but has widened the foundations of Her Majesty's Empire in this country, and laid them firm and deep in the hearts of the many millions of Her Indian subjects. We assure your Excellency that your name will be engraven in the hearts of our people, as one of our greatest benefactors, and will be so handed down to our latest posterity, and that the prayers of two hundred millions of people will ascend to the Common Father of us all for your Excellency's long life, happiness, and prosperity."

We have the honor to be, Your Excellency's most obedient and humble Servants,

SATARA MUNICIPALITY OFFICE, December, 1884.

LORD NAPIER AND THE MADRASSEE.

The following letter from Lord Napier and Ettrick, dated 10th ultimo, has been received to-day by Rajah Sir T. Madava Row:—

"I had last evening the honor of presenting in the House of Lords the petition entrusted to my care, and of expressing my substantial concurrence in its contents. A short discussion ensued in which Lord Stanley of Alderley, Lord Kimberley, the Duke of Argyll, the Duke of Buckingham, and Lord Salisbury took part. Lord Kimberley gave a distinct assurance that there was no intention to transfer the Seat of Government to the Hills, or to abolish the Board of Revenue. The prevailing opinion among the Peers most conversant was, that the Viceroy was, that the Government might with advantage have their Head-Quarters at the Hills for half the year, an opinion in which I do not concur, but one which obviously guiding against the present time.

"I am sorry to say that the Petition had to be withdrawn owing to an informality which I had not anticipated. The Parchment on which the text of the petition is inscribed does not bear any signatures, they having been entered upon separate scrolls of paper. It seems that according to the custom or rule of the House of Lords, there must be some signatures on the same sheet as the petition. The petition will therefore be returned to you, and I beg that you will have the goodness to affix your signature to it, and procure the signatures of an English and a Mussalman gentleman. The Petition will then be formally presented, and I am confident we are fully entitled to a very large number of names, meanwhile left in the custody of the Officers of the House.

"I regret that the petition could not be presented sooner, but the larger document containing the bulk of the signatures did not reach me till after the close of the last session, and I availed myself of the earliest opportunity during the session when the Peers interested in Indian affairs could be collected.

"I will write out my speech correctly, and send it to you for the information of our Madras friends."—I remain, &c.,

NAPIER AND ETTRICK.

BENGAL.

BENGAL CANALS.—There is an interesting Resolution on the report of the Calcutta and Eastern Canal and Nadiya rivers for the year 1883-84 in the *Calcutta Gazette* a few of or two regarding which may be interesting. The total cost of the canals up to April last amounted to Rs. 52,51,534. The total receipts were Rs. 1,75,62,487, and the working expenses Rs. 65,04,960. Deducting this latter item, as well as interest on capital, there remains a balance in favour of the canal amounting to Rs. 44,95,656. Considerable improvements and extensions in the canal system have become necessary, and amongst other improvements the locking of Tolly's Nullah, at an estimated cost of Rs. 65,00,000, is proposed. This has become imperative as part of the extension of the Kidderpur docks. It is satisfactory to notice that the Government of Bengal makes this and other works depend on the possibility of raising money for the purpose from loans, for though there can be no doubt that canals as the figures show have proved remunerative, still the last remains that during the last six years their working has resulted in a net charge to Bengal of Rs. 7,75,777, all the capital having been provided from provincial revenues. While the revenue during the two last years has remained almost stationary, there has been a considerable reduction on the working charges. The tollage collected from boats passing through Tolly's Nullah is considerably less than in the previous year; but there is a corresponding increase in toll receipts from boats using the Circular Canals. This is accounted for by the fact that during the year the Chitpur Dock leading to the Hughli was opened. During the previous year Tolly's Nullah was the only outlet to the river. The committee appointed to enquire into the working of the canals have submitted their report, and it is still under the consideration of the Government.—*Englishman*.

ENGLISH SUPREMACY IN THE EAST

MR. F. BULKELEY JOHNSON in an article in the *Nineteenth Century* writes:—Notwithstanding the public interest excited by the expedition to Egypt, undertaken for the purpose of securing our commercial highway to the East, it is doubtful if the English people as a whole have as yet formed a true conception of the value of the magnificent colonial heritage which has been bequeathed to them by the energy and enterprise of past and present generations of their countrymen abroad. It is difficult, in the absence of special knowledge regarding the course of our trade, to realise the grave importance to the national welfare of the successful maintenance of a close political and commercial connexion between the mother country and her numerous dependencies, which, being peopled or nominally occupied by semi-civilised races, owe the conditions of their progress to British rule. At a time when Queen, Lords, and Commons in Parliament assembled are about to be removed from the control of the classes who have hitherto directed them into the hands of a numerical majority of the population, whose political education is imperfect, and whose uninstructed impulses might imperil by a few votes recorded the organised results of the work of a century, it is more than ever important that a just appreciation should prevail of the character of the unique political system which, in the course of three generations, has involved in strength-ening the bonds of union which bind the varied races of this country to the Throne of Her Most Gracious Majesty, the Queen of England and the Empress of India. We are fully aware of the acts of many great and noble Viceroys, who have ruled this vast country with wisdom and beneficence, and with a single eye to the advancement of its people. But few of them have called forth such a universal feeling of loyalty to our Sovereign and affection for Her Representative.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 6.

THE London Money Market and Stock Exchange quotations of yesterday exhibit no movement except a further decline of ¼ in 4½ per cent. Rupee Paper, nor are the General Produce markets materially changed, Wheat and Linseed being quite unaltered, whilst Rapeseed only shows an advance of 3d. per quarter in Calcutta Yellow. Poppyseed, however, is 6d. per quarter lower.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday was firm, the sales being 8,000 bales including 1,500 Surats. In spot quotations the only alteration was a decline of 1-16d. in fine Broach, but arrivals were 1-64d. higher in the nearer positions and 1-32d. in April-May. To-day's market comes quiet at unaltered prices, the day's sales being 8,000 bales, comprising 1,200 Surats. In New York yesterday quotations were unchanged, but to-day an advance is quoted of ¼ cent. in ready Cotton and 27 points in futures, 11·27 cents per lb. being now the rate for April.

The usual weekly figures are subjoined. The total visible supply for all Europe has increased by 140,000 bales, at which, however, it is 355,000 bales below last year. The Liverpool stock during the week has diminished by 2,000 bales, at which it is 72,000 bales below last year and 86,000 bales under the same week in 1882. Important as these figures are, however, it is to the American statistics most interest at the moment attaches. The receipts in the past week gained further 12,000 bales on the preceding season, and now stand 98,000 bales ahead on the totals to date. In all probability, though, the maximum receipts of the season are past, while the week corresponding to next in last year was the largest of the 1883-84 season, and it seems probable from the movement of prices in New York that we shall now lose ground a little. In any case there is evidently no belief in increased crop estimates, and if the ultimate yield is to be below 6 million bales we have not yet seen the top of prices. The heavy takings of American Cotton by the Continent now are worthy of note. Had these taken place earlier, or rather, we should say, had Continental spinners taken their legitimate proportion of the earlier American receipts, the stock in Liverpool would have run down to about 350,000 bales in the middle of November, and the rise in prices would have been much more rapid. If the deficiency of supply is later in making itself felt, however, it will be none the less certain in its effects, and as the season goes on it will become more and more manifest that an American crop of 5 millions or less, following on one of 5,700,000, and accompanied by a reduced yield on this side, is not sufficient for the world's consumption, and moreover does not warrant an average of under 6d. per lb. for Mid-Uplands in Liverpool.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1884.	1883.	1882.
Week's receipts	276,000	264,000	245,000
" Exports to U. K.	128,000	101,000	120,000
" " Continent	120,000	57,000	58,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	2,769,000	2,671,000	2,668,000
" Exports to U. K. "	931,000	748,000	919,000
" " Cont. "	698,000	647,000	621,000
" Stock in the Ports	905,000	1,075,000	815,000
Saturday's receipts	45,000	56,000	41,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 5th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1884.	1883.	1882.
Total supply of all kinds	2,740,000	3,095,320	2,589,050
" " Surats	333,000	327,670	465,680

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool	428,000	499,925	514,520
" London	121,000	84,000	75,270
American afloat	310,000	247,000	290,000
East Indian "	14,000	41,000	53,000
	873,000	841,925	902,720
Price of Mid-Uplands	5 13-16d.	5¾d.	5 15-16d.
" Good Fair Dholleras	4 7- 6d.	4 3-16d.	4 7-16d.
Difference	1½d.	1 11-16d.	1½d.

WHEAT is very quiet at Rs. 24 per candy for No. 1, white Pessy ready. The advance in freights materially checks export business, and arrivals from up-country are also on a smaller scale.

LINSEED remains very steady at Rs. 6-4½ per cwt. ready.

FREIGHTS are not quotably altered. Liverpool rates are 18s. 9d. to 21s. 3d., Continental ports 22s.6d. to 23s. 9d. Forward loading open charter, there are buyers at 22s. 6d. for January, 23s. 9d. for February, and 25s. per ton for later, but steamship owners as a general rule decline to work at these, and very few steamers are being fixed.

EXCHANGE.—With Bar Silver in London ½d. per ozlower at 49¼d., weak advices from Calcutta, and an accumulation of funds here considerably in excess of current requirements, the market for sterling still maintains its downward tendency, and quotations are again reduced 1-32d. A corresponding decline has been made in forward rates, and three months' credits for March-April have been saleable at 1s. 7½d. per rupee. Even at this level, however, merchants in the absence of actual business to cover are not disposed to sell at all freely, and it is evident that still lower figures are yet anticipated. For ready paper quotations are :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 1-16d.	per
do Telegraphic	1s. 7d.	"
do Months' sight	1s. 7⅛d.	"
Credits " "	1s 7⅛.	"
Francs " "	2 04½ to ¾	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER is quiet, and would go weaker but for the support derived from the cheapness of money. As compared with the rate at which loans are obtainable and the interest receivable on paper, there is a profit of nearly ½ per cent. per month, and so long as this continues prices cannot give way much. Fours we now quote at Rs. 100 3-16 ; Fours-and-a-half Rs. 102¾.

SHARES.—There is little change in Spinning Mills, which are quiet all round. Budnaira are Rs. 10 lower at Rs. 240. Dhurrumseys Rs. 2½ down at Rs. 375. In Press Companies we notice an advance of Rs 25 in Fort to Rs. 2,850. Apollos have receded to Rs. 330. Prince of Wales are Rs. 5 higher at Rs. 640. Bombay-Burmah Trading Co.'s shares are Rs. 50 lower at Rs. 4,750 for old and Rs. 950 for new.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

(No. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW

OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON,

MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

ealte the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MR. T. H. STEPHENS,

REGISTERED SURGEON DENTIST,

19, RAMPART ROW,

(Adjoining National Bank,)

Fees moderate. Painless extractions.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated ; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight ; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application

C. MARCKS & Co.

43 Rampart-row, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are INFORMED that on the occasion of the landing of THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF DUFFERIN, which will take place at 4-30 p.m. on MONDAY, the 8th instant, all CARRIAGE TRAFFIC down to the Appolo-Bunder WILL BE STOPPED at 4-15 p.m., and no conveyance will be allowed to pass beyond the corner of the Sailors' Home after that time.

With reference to the Notification of Government dated 19th ultimo, the public are informed that no cards are being issued for admittance into the enclosure at the Apollo-bunder, the space is very limited, but as many as can be accommodated will receive space.

There will be no room for carriages to stand at the Bunder, but arrangements will be made for stacking as many as possible on the vacant ground between the Yacht Club and Sailors' Home.

FRANK H. SOUTER,
Commissioner of Police.
Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 5th Dec. 1884.

NOTICE.

HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR will NOT be at the SECRETARIAT for the despatch of business on WEDNESDAY, 10th instant.

G. H. R. HART,
Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor.
Government House, Parel, 6th December, 1884.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

COLLETT—December 5, on Friday, the wife of J. W Collett, Inspector of Police, Bombay, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

GORDON—MARKS—December 6, at Satara, by the Rev. W. Jones, E. F. Gordon, Inspector, Salt Department, son of W. E. Gordon, Esq., late Deputy Accountant-General, Bombay, to Ellen Annie, youngest daughter of the late Andrew Marks, Esq., Council Office, London, stepdaughter of J. Quinn, Esq., Bandmaster, H. M. 22nd B. N. I.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

FARRELL—November 28, at Mooltan, the wife of Sergeant Instructor James Farrell, Rohri Station, of a daughter.

L'ESTRANGE—November 29, at "Neilstone House," Lucknow, the wife of Surgeon F. J. L'Estrange, of a son.

MOORE—December 2, at Bareilly, the wife of Surgeon-Major J. H. Moore, A.M.D., of a son.

MARRIAGE.

MACKENZIE—JONES—November 27, at St. Saviour's, Sukkur, by the Rev. Hector McDuff, Malcolm Douglas Mackenzie, Esq., Sind Commission, son of Dr. M. M. Mackenzie, Surgeon-Major, Bombay Army (retired) to Helen Louisa, daughter of Frederick Palmer Jones, Esq.

STEVENSON—BRAKSPEAR—December 1, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Venerable Archdeacon Atley, James Black, eldest son of James Stevenson, Esq., M. D., M. O. H., Paddington, London, to Caroline Edith, youngest daughter of the late William Henry Brakspear, of Deanfield, Henley on Thames.

DEATHS.

CRAWFORD—December 1, at Calcutta, aged 14 months and 7 days, Charlotte Leonora, only child of Surgeon D. G. Crawford, I. M. S.

FRAZER—November 27, at Bellary, of cholera, Colonel W. M. Frazer, District Superintendent of Police.

SHAW—December 3, at Nungambaukum, Madras, on the Alexander Forrester, the beloved child of James Charles and Flora Helen Shaw, aged 4 years and 2 months.

SPILLANE—December 1, at Lahore, Ethel Florence, the younger daughter of Mr. Spillane, aged 3 months.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1884.

BEFORE many hours have passed the new Viceroy will have set foot upon the soil of India. The attitude of the community which awaits his coming is one of lively expectation, tempered, if not predominated, by hopes of no ordinary kind. It would indeed be difficult to name a Viceroy whose arrival in India was anticipated with quite the same feelings as those which prevail in our midst to-day. On all hands people appear to have satisfied themselves of the wisdom of the choice which the Sovereign has made in deciding that the Earl of Dufferin shall be her representative in this part of her dominions. For reasons which it would be easy to indicate, the precautions which men usually take in drawing their forecasts regarding new comers have apparently been waived on this occasion. The prevailing tendency, for the moment, is to believe not only that the Viceroy whom we are about to receive is the best amongst the narrow circle of statesmen available for the office, but that he is certain to fill it with phenomenal success. People argue Lord Dufferin's future from his past. He has thus far made a deep and a favourable impression wherever he has been. There is no part of his career the record of which has to be endorsed by the word "failure." He has set his hand to the most exacting and the most responsible tasks that the State can impose upon its servants, and wherever he has been he has done well. The law of probabilities, we are apt to think, would be violated if a statesman who has been conspicuously fortunate in all that he has undertaken hitherto should fail in this latest and largest venture of his life. Such is the process by which anyone who was asked why he expected such great things of Lord Dufferin would justify his faith. There is no need, therefore, even if there were room, for the suggestion that the great favour with which the public in India attend upon his coming is after all only the tribute which the admirers of success pay to those who have succeeded. And because it is something much more generous, much more reasonable than that, there is need to point out that people should temper their expectations with a due regard for a certain class of considerations which are by no means overlooked by the new Viceroy himself. Lord Dufferin must have been reminded by much that has been written of late concerning him that even the good opinion of one's contemporaries may become a serious embarrassment when it generates expectations too extravagant to be realized. The most prudent, and at the same time the fairest, attitude which can be assumed towards a statesman who is setting out upon a great enterprise is perhaps that which Louis the Fourteenth exhibited in regard to one of his marshals, whom people loaded with compliments upon his nomination to an important command. "I will reserve my compliments until the end of the campaign," said the king.

Lord Dufferin himself would be the first to deprecate a too hasty assumption of the certainty of a facile success in the career upon which he now enters. It would be the worst possible service to him—well-meant though it might be—to associate our welcome with a too extravagant estimate of what he is certain to accomplish for the Empire. The best service we can do him now is to pitch our expectations in the same modest tones in which Lord Dufferin has spoken of the work that lies before him in the coming five years. He has been very careful in all that he has said to take account of the difference between the putting on and the taking off of one's armour. We believe there was nothing conventional in the diffidence with which he referred to this matter when he bade farewell to his friends at Belfast a few weeks ago. No one would venture to prophecy sensational and epoch-making achievements regarding the Viceroyalty of a statesman who has an evident faith in the dictum that a nation without annals is a happy nation. "The greatest success and triumph I can obtain," he said at Belfast, "are that from the time when I depart from these shores and wave a grateful response to the farewells you are saying to me, even the echo of my name may never be wafted to your ears until at the end of my official term I stand again among you, having won from the historians of the day no higher encomium or recognition than that my administration was uneventful, but that I had kept the Empire entrusted to my guardianship tranquil and secure." It is just possible that Lord Dufferin's neighbours in Ulster may hear a good deal more concerning his work in India than he desires that they should hear. Circumstances may be stronger than his firmest intentions. They may force him to follow the paths that he would most desire to avoid. A good many uncertainties hang around some of the greater problems of Indian administration, external as well as internal, and some of them may be resolved in a fashion which will make the new Viceroy's career far more eventful than he may wish it to be. No one, for instance, can look abroad over Asia just now without feeling that to keep our frontier tranquil and secure for the coming five years will be an achievement worthy of the highest statesmanship. It is possible that there may be elements in the legislation of the next five years which will give a marked character to Lord Dufferin's administration. But for anything we know there is absolutely no reason to look for anything of the sort, and Lord Dufferin's own declarations explicitly discourage the expectation of it. The new Viceroy, in our view, will carry on the Government on the existing lines, without any desire to signalise his term of office either by reaction or by innovation.

Nothing could be more curious than this spectacle of a brilliant man coming amongst us with the message proclaimed in advance that he is above all things desirous not to do brilliant things, and we should be unfair to him if in framing our forecasts concerning him we did not take him at his word. The days when great reputations were made in India, he says, are happily as completely past as those in which great fortunes were accumulated. But Lord Dufferin brings with him a reputation ready made. He comes here with many securities against disappointment. The people of India, as he will find wherever he goes, have greeted none of his predecessors with heartier good-will than they are prepared to extend to him. He will have a powerful aid and encouragement in the widespread confidence of the people in his capacity and in his good-will. In regard to many things he will doubtless come here with an open mind. If he has a programme he has had the discretion to keep it to himself, and he has been much more careful to tell us what not to expect of him, than to tell us what we may expect. He is not the man to apply a cut and dry scheme of any kind before he has had an opportunity of observing and studying on the spot the conditions with which he has to deal. He is not the man to believe, as the traditional Anglo-Indian used to believe, that a knowledge of India could be got on the way out by reading Mill's History between Gibraltar and Alexandria. It is not with the India of histories and text-books—or even of blue-books—that statesmen have to deal, but with the India of fact ; and he has doubtless recognized that that cannot be seen at a glance. Lord Dufferin comes to India, however, fitted in everything save actual knowledge of the country for the great task of governing it. The fullest weight has been given to that fact, and the new Viceroy may be assured that every cheer which will be raised as he passes through the streets of Bombay to-day will be the expression of a real trust in his ability and disposition to do worthy service to the Empire.

IT is now evident that something is amiss with regard to the Anglo-Russian Boundary Commission. On Thursday Lord E. Fitzmaurice announced in the House of Commons that the British Government had requested Russia to withdraw her troops from beyond Sarakhs, pending the result of the Commission. The request is reasonable ; but the fact that it has been preferred thus late in the negotiations is obviously calculated to give rise to suspicion that unexpected circumstances have arisen, suggesting to the English Ministry the advisability of taking an attitude which will admit of their withdrawal from the business, if they see fit, without having the appearance of being played with by Russian diplomacy. Scarcely twenty-four hours had elapsed from the time when the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs made this announcement, when he supplemented it by another, that the work of the Commission will not commence until the arrival of General Zelenoi, the Russian Commissioner, whose departure has been unavoidably delayed, so that he cannot reach Sarakhs until the end of January. General Zelenoi had already been unavoidably delayed before, the date of his arrival being without any stated excuse put off until the end of December. The Russian Government cannot complain if this further postponement be held to justify strong doubts of the sincerity with which they are carrying on the present negociations. It is true that Lord E. Fitzmaurice supplements his communication relative to the further delay in the commencement of the work of the Commission, by the statement that the British and Russian Governments are engaged in the endeavour to define a zone of territory wherein the new frontier shall be traced. This may be taken as an admission that the negociations which were in progress some months since with this object have not, so far, led to any definite conclusion. As everybody knows, the British contention is that the Russian frontier ought not to come further south than a line drawn from Kojah Sala, on the Oxus, westward to Sarrakhs. The Russians, on the other hand, had the wit to print a map some time since, in which the frontier was pushed down to a point within some eighty miles of Herat. A compromise was suggested which would fix the western end of the boundary line at Pul-i-Katun, about half way between Sarakhs and the imaginary frontier line to the south traced on the Russian maps. No geographical frontier exists in the whole region, so that there must be a great deal of make-believe in any line that may be fixed. The Russians claim the territory up to a point within two or three marches of Herat, because it is the camping ground of certain off-shoots of the great Turcoman tribes, whom the submission of Merv has converted into Russian subjects. The claim is shadowy, viewed from the stand-point of international law. These Turcoman tribelets have hitherto practically enjoyed the desolate freedom of the wild ass. The proximity of the strong town of Herat caused them to regard the Afghan ruler with a little more attention than the sheikhs of their own kindred at Merv and elsewhere, and on this fact the Afghan claim to their allegiance is based. Neither the Ameer nor any other sovereign ever exercised real sovereignty over them. If the Russians were to convert the ingenious inferential claim to their allegiance into a reality, the frontier of Afghanistan on that side would be dangerously circumscribed and weakened. The Ameer's hold upon Herat would be rendered very precarious, the fact that the population of that town is mainly Persian, and by no means indisposed to welcome the Russians as deliverers from the Afghan tax-gatherers, rendering the situation very serious for that part of His Highness's dominions. If the Russians would content themselves with the Sarakhs frontier line, a great danger would be averted from Afghanistan, for the Russians would then be two hundred miles from Herat. On the other hand, it must be born in mind that the Russians feel that they are asked to surrender more than there is any present means of compelling them to give up, and it is not likely that they will consent to any compromise which will trace their frontier much further to the north than Pul-i-Katun. The British demand that the Russian troops be withdrawn from beyond Sarakhs may be considered by the Russian Government as endangering a slice of the territory which they have already taught themselves to look upon as virtually acquired. By protracting the negociations Russia gains, in so far as she maintains the *status quo* in the region south of Sarakhs, and thus accustoms the tribes in those parts to her domination. Possibly it is thought at St. Petersburg that by keeping General Zelenoi at home until the end of January there will be time to profit by any fresh embarrassment which may arise from the situation at Khartoum. If General Wolseley be then in the position of himself requiring an army of relief, the Russians may calculate that the Ministry in London would not make so much account of a hundred miles, more or less, of desert in the neighbourhood of Sarakhs. Whether the calculation have anything to do with the second postponement of General Zelenoi's departure, it is abundantly clear that the Russian Government consider that they have more to gain by protracting negociations regarding the definition of the Afghan frontier, than by bringing them to a prompt conclusion. We might regret this perverse view of the matter, if we believed that any pen-and-ink frontier that could be agreed upon, would be respected by Russia one hour longer than it might suit her to do so.

THE Nizam's Government have shown no want of resolution in their decision upon the case of Sultan Nawaz Jung. The Commission who were appointed immediately after the Mohurrum riots having found the Arab chief guilty of having instigated the attack upon the police, the Prime Minister recommended to the Council of State that he should be fined a lakh of rupees, and that he should be banished from the city for five years. The Council, taking a more severe view of Nawaz Jung's delinquencies, have decided that his banishment shall be permanent, and that the command of his troops shall be divided between his son and nephew, and not conferred upon his son alone, as the Minister had recommended. It is obvious that the judgment thus passed upon the Arab chief must be regarded as an act of policy, and not as one of law. It is difficult, indeed, to come to any satisfactory conclusion upon the question whether or not Sultan Nawaz Jung had any actual connection with the attack upon the police. Positive statements on the point have not been wanting, and while the suspicion against him has been very strong his own conduct has gone a long way towards increasing it. In refusing to appear before the Prime Minister he was rather standing upon what he deems his dignity than shirking inquiry. But the fact remains that he did nothing to assist an inquiry which, if he had had no complicity with the affair, might have resulted in his innocence being established. We are obliged, nevertheless, to treat the finding of the Commission, correct though it probably is, as the issue of *ex parte* proceedings, and as having so much the less judicial value on that account. From the point of view of policy there is much to be said for the decision arrived at by the Nizam's Ministers. A chieftain must in some way be held responsible for the conduct of his retainers, and even if he is innocent of inciting them to violence it is his duty to see that they abstain from it. If he fails to do so it becomes a matter of State necessity that he should be deprived of a position whose responsibilities he is unable or unwilling to discharge. It is possible that a somewhat rough and ready method has been resorted to for solving a problem which has pressed heavily upon the Nizam's Government ever since the Arab chiefs became a power in the Hyderabad State. The late Sir Salar Jung went a long way towards obtaining a solution of the problem when he confiscated the estates held in military fee by these chiefs, but his son has had only too convincing a proof that the evils are scotched, but not killed. It is still doubtful whether the measures just resolved upon, stringent though they certainly are, will prove effectual for attaining the purpose in view. The chief will have departed before the month is out, but will there be peace in Hyderabad so long as his followers remain, and so long as they are under the command of leaders who for family reasons may be presumed to be at least as well disposed towards Sultan Nawaz Jung as towards the Nizam and his Minister? The really important question is whether the power of the chieftain has been really broken by this measure, or whether after all it is only a half measure, the incompleteness of which may be exhibited in some untoward act of violence at some future time?

IT is to be regretted that the interests of a very useful institution have been brought into question by the publication in a contemporary of an exaggerated statement in reference to a matter which, as represented, might give rise to a very false impression. It appears that a certain number of the girl-pupils at the Byculla Schools were subjected some time since by the mistress to some corporal correction. This took the form of a certain number —two or three—cuts of a cane on the palm of the hand. The punishment was inflicted after consultation. It appears that in the case of eleven girls so punished, ranging in age from seven years to fourteen, no entry was made in the book, as was directed by the rules. The omission was due to a desire not to bring the misconduct of the culprits to the notice of the gentlemen of the committee. The slaps on the palm of the hand are spoken of in our contemporary as excessive flogging and torture, such as would not be inflicted on criminals in a prison. Probably the writer when using this strong language was not aware that the whole matter has been gone into by the committee of management, and adjudicated upon by the directors of the school, and that no charges of excessive flogging or of cruelty of any kind were substantiated or indeed seriously preferred. The school-mistress was censured for omitting to make entries as to the corrections, and was directed to have the concurrence of the head-master in future punishments. Nothing in the conduct of the mistress who has been recently sent out from England to take charge of the school, and is possessed of the highest testimonials, was held to be incompatible with the position which she occupies. When we mention that amongst other gentlemen of position and experience who came to this conclusion after hearing the statements on both sides, Mr. Justice West and Mr. Justice Birdwood took part in the investigation, and quite concurred in the decision arrived at, it is impossible to suppose that wanton cruelty, such as is imputed in the paragraph to which we refer, could have been either overlooked or condoned. The matter was brought up a second time before a meeting of the directors of the school, at which Mr. Justice West presided. That learned judge declared that the whole matter had been already fully dealt with, and he declined to have it re-opened. It is a pity that a matter of school discipline has been dragged into public discussion. The management of school is in the hands of ladies and gentlemen who are perfectly incapable of sanctioning excessive punishment of any kind.

THE ARRIVAL OF LORD DUFFERIN.

WE understand that, as it has been finally decided that the address from the Corporation to Lord Dufferin shall be presented on his landing, his lordship will be requested to land at 4-30 this afternoon, instead of at 4-45 as originally intended.

The following extract from District Orders by Brigadier-General S. De B. Edwardes, C.B., Commanding Bombay District was issued on Saturday :—

With reference to Government Notification No. 6186, dated Bombay Castle, 19th November, 1884, the following arrangements will be made on the arrival of the Right Hon. the Earl of Dufferin, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., expected to arrive in Bombay on the 8th instant in the P. and O. steamship Tasmania. The 2nd East York Regiment will furnish a guard of honour of 100 rank and file, with band and Queen's colour, under the command of a captain, to parade at the landing-steps, Apollo-bunder, at 4 p.m. A salute of 31 guns will be fired from the saluting battery on his lordship's arrival at the step of the bunder. The remainder of the troops in the garrison will parade at 4 p.m., and will line the road from the Apollo-bunder to the Queen's Statue. The troops will extend six paces, taking their touch, dressing, and distance from the Royal Artillery, and in the following order :—Royal Artillery, with their right resting on the Apollo-buader, 2nd Battalion East York Regiment, Railway Volunteers, Bombay Volunteers, 21st Regiment, N.I., 25th Regiment, N.L.I., via Wellington Fountain and the Prince's Statue. Every available man to be in the ranks (sick and those on duty only excepted). Full dress to be worn by all ranks. All officers to attend. As soon as the carriage in which his lordship is seated arrives on the right of regiments, the word "Present Arms" will be given, and bands will play "God Save the Queen." As soon as the last carriage has passed each regiment, they will successively form up and march to quarters. The 25th Regiment N. L. I. will furnish a guard of honour of 100 rank and file, with band and Queen's colour, under the command of a captain, to proceed to Government House, Parel, on the 8th instant, to arrive there not later than 4 p. m. Three guns, at an interval of 10 seconds each, will be fired from the saluting battery, as soon as the Tasmania is signalled.

The massed bands will practice at 7 a. m. to-morrow at the Oval.

The deputation, from the Chamber of Commerce to Lord Dufferin and of the Special Committee appointed to present an address from the guarantors of the Bombay International Exhibition will be received at the Secretariat between three and four o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The Hon. Forbes Adam will of course head both deputations. The representatives of the Chamber will be the Chairman, Messrs. M. R. Wyer (Deputy Chairman), G. A. Barnett, J. L. Symons, A. F. Beaufort, A. Pallis, J. H. Slight, J. Thorburn, Sorabjee Framjee Patel, W. M. Macaulay, Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, W. Lang, O. Fiedler, R. B. Sedgwick, E. Miller, T. B. Wood, J. Dickson, and W. A. Baker. Other gentlemen are invited to accompany the deputation, assembling at the Secretariat before 3-30 p.m. The second deputation will assemble about a quarter of an hour later, and there is a similar invitation to gentlemen to strengthen the members of the Special Committee specially deputed to prepare and present the address on behalf of the guarantors. Afterwards Lord Dufferin will drive to the esplanade, where at half-past four he is to lay the foundation-stone of the new Indo-British Association.

A deputation on behalf of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association of Western India is to wait on Lord Dufferin at the Secretariat to-morrow for the purpose of presenting an address. The deputation will consist of the following gentlemen : —Messrs. E. R. Freeborn, president ; J. P. Baird and F. Rowland, vice-presidents ; and W. J. Essai, honorary secretary.

LORD RIPON IN BOMBAY.

IT is expected that Lord Ripon will arrive in Bombay by special train on Wednesday afternoon, the 17th inst. ; and alighting at the Parel railway station, will proceed direct to Government House, Parel. His lordship will need rest after the fatigue of the journey from Simla, and special preparations and ceremonials in connection with his arrival will therefore be dispensed with. He will pass Thursday, Friday, and Saturday in Bombay. He will attend in the Town Hall at 2 p.m. on Thursday, in order to receive the numerous addresses—about fifty—that it is intended to present to his lordship. A few of these addresses come from Madras and Berar, but all the rest emanate from towns and zillahs in our own Presidency. From the city of Bombay itself his lordship will receive more than half a dozen addresses. One of these is an address from the native inhabitants of Bombay assembled in the Town Hall the other day ; the second from the editors of the native press of this Presidency ; the third from the Chamber of Commerce ; the fourth from the Bombay Mill-owners' Association ; the fifth from the Native Merchants Association ; the sixth from the Native Piece-goods Merchants' Association ; and the seventh from the Arya Dnyan-Vardhak Society. The addresses will be brought by deputations, the members of which alone, independently of the general public, will present a respectable muster in the Town Hall. It is supposed that for want of time some of the addresses will have to be merely handed to his lordship without formally reading them ; and his lordship will take time to reply to them. It is very probable that, after the presentation of the addresses, Lord Ripon will drive through Bazaar-gate-street and lay the foundation-stone of the new Municipal Buildings opposite the G. I. P. Railway terminus at Boreebunder. Here the address of the Municipal Corporation will be presented. His lordship will then drive to Parel along the Cruickshank-road, Kalbadevi, Pydhonee, and Bhendy Bazaar. The same evening a grand reception party will be given at Government House to meet Lord Ripon. On Friday afternoon, according to present arrangements, which are liable to modification, Lord Ripon will accompany Sir James Fergusson to the University Hall, where the ceremony of conferring upon his lordship the honorary degree of D. C. L. will be performed. On his way back to Government House his lordship will receive an ovation from some two thousand children collected near the St. Xavier's College at Dhobie Talao. The same (Friday) evening his lordship will be present at an evening party at Mazagon Castle, the residence of the Hon. Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart. At 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon Lord Ripon will leave Bombay for England by one of the Government men-of-war that has been prepared for the Viceregal party. It is said that a State procession from Parel to the Apollo-Bunder will be formed in connection with his lordship's departure.

WELCOME TO LORD DUFFERIN.

I

As the bright orb of day, when it rises on high,
Awakens the world with the flash of its eye,
And wide o'er the land and far o'er the sea
Sheds the light that makes all so joyous and free—

II

Ah ! thus to this land, long slum'bring in night,
Be the coming of thee, like the coming of light,
And wide o'er its children from thy station on high
Be the star that shall shed light, freedom, and joy.

III

Sublime o'er the turmoil and din of the strife
Of the host that would stifle young liberty's life,
Go forth like the day-star serene on thy way,
And quicken this land with fair freedom's bright ray.

IV

Then stout be thy heart and firm be thy hand
The fair fortunes to guide of this long suff'ring land,
And unblenched by the thunders that round thee shall roll,
Steer onward thy bark to fair liberty's goal.

V

Ah ! then shall fair Ind lift up her sad brow,
And bright gleam the eye that welcomes thee now,
And smiling she'll trace another proud name.
With Akbar and Ripon on the pages of fame.

ARDESHIR C. BHANDUPVALA.

Dec. 6, 1884.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE.

THE annual entertainment given by the students at St. Xavier's College this year was doubly distinguished by the presence of H. E. the Governor, who attended for the first time, and of Monsingnor Agliardi, the Papal delegate. On Friday evening, when the great event of the year took place in the fine hall of the college, there was as usual a crowded audience, floor and gallery being equally packed. The latter was occupied by the pupils of the institution, whose ringing cheers made the hall resound again and again as the programme progressed. James Fergusson and Monsingnor Agliardi entered at half-past five, and were escorted to their seats fronting the stage, in company with the Rt. Rev. Bishop Meurin, and the Rev. Julius Mayer, S. J., Rector of the College. There were also among the visitors : Brigadier-General Edwardes, Mrs. and Miss Edwardes, the Hon. Justice Scott, Colonel Van Heythusen, Dr. and Mrs. Blanc, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, the Hon. K. T. Telang, Mr. and Mrs. Geary, Messrs. Vouillon, Stockinger, D'Aguiar, Bozzoni, Dr. Peterson, Mr. and Miss Baker, and Mr. Nowrozjee Furdonjee. As the audience assembled the college band played a series of selections under the direction of the bandmaster, Mr. Curry, showing at the opening, as in their subsequent performances, considerable instrumental skill. Sheridan's *Critic, or the Tragedy Rehearsed*, was the chief source of the entertainment, which was so far a repetition of that given by the college twelve months ago. The cast was as follows :—

A TRAGEDY REHEARSED.

Scene :—Drury-lane Theatre

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Mr. Puff	Anthony Andrades.
" Sneer	Wilfred Waite.
" Dangle	Stanislaus Rozare.

CHARACTERS OF THE TRAGEDY.

Lord Burleigh	Joseph Rodgers.
Governor of Tilbury Fort	Yeshwant C. Mhuskar.
Earl of Leicester	Shiavax Kabraji.
Sir Walter Raleigh	Fr. X. Couto.
Sir Christopher Hatton	Hormasji E. Bamji.
Master of the Horse	Charles Higgins.
Beef-eater	Frank F. Couto.
Don Ferolo Whiskerandos.	Charles Lauder.
First Nephew	James Watson.
Second Nephew	John Hamilton.
Tilburino	Charles Windsor.
Companion of Tilburino	Rustomji J. Tata.
Sentinels	Edward Guest.
Prompter	Reuben O'Brien.

Knights, Soldiers, Musicians, Servants, &c., &c.

In the place of the author's original apology for offering

"In his motley scenes

A slight remonstrance to the drama's queens"

there was a prologue, cleverly recited by James Lauder, in which were enumerated the humorous incidents appertaining to the preparation of the drama, the indulgence of the spectators being asked with becoming modesty. Then the play proceeded, commencing with the famous Drury-lane scene, the opening act having been omitted. The actors entered into the spirit of the representation with capital zest, displaying a familiarity with the accustomed points which spoke volumes for their training, as for their intelligence. Nothing, for instance, could have evoked more hearty laughter than Lord Burleigh's solemn perambulation of the stage, and the wonderfully significant nod of his lordship's head ; the entry of Tilburino and the confidant "stark mad," in white satin and white linen respectively ; the remarkably devised "situation" in which the uncles and nieces (here transformed into nephews) join with Whiskerandos in a display of deadly weapons ; or the appearance of Father Thames with his green banks misplaced. The brilliant dialogue was delivered with telling effectiveness, and the climax came with the grand procession and spectacle which concludes the rehearsal, cannon then being made a blaze away from the rear of the crowded stage, while coloured fire burnt furiously from the wings. So much of the burden falls on Mr. Puff that it will be in no way invidious to select for special praise the young representative of this notable character. Andrades played with admirable precision and well-sustained energy. The curtain fell amid the long-sustained plaudits of visitors and fellow-students. In an epilogue which was delivered by Lauder, some graceful allusions were made to the departure of the Governor. The smoke and fumes of the mimic naval battle had scarcely subsided, when the Prefect of Studies (the Rev. J. Hoene, S. J., ascended the stage and read the following report :—

We close the scholastic year with 1,024 pupils on the rolls against 880 in the preceding year ; 305 of them are Non-Christians. We have all reason to be well satisfied on the whole with the conduct, application and attendance of our students. We had, however, the painful necessity of dismissing a few, some for misbehaviour, others for irregularity and want of application. In the course of the present year, two of our boys died ; one, a pupil of the Second Standard, John Gregory Correia, rather suddenly ; the other, a student of the Seventh Standard, Frederick do Rosario, after having lingered for a long time. We have, moreover, to report the death of the Rev. J. Brunner, S. J. He was the oldest priest in the Mission. Born in the year 1805, he had come out to India in the year 1837, after having evangelised parts of America for near ten years. He began his labours here in a little school at Mazagon, which under his fostering care gradually developed itself into a first class High School, so well known under the name of St. Mary's Institution. St. Mary's even grew too small, and a new building under the name of St. Xavier's College, had to be erected on the Esplanade. Father Brunner lived long enough to see the number of boys here increase to such a degree that the rooms of St. Xavier's, however spacious, were not large enough to accommodate all that sought admission. It would have been a great consolation for him, could he have witnessed the laying of the foundation-stone of the new building now under contemplation. For the last ten years Father Brunner lived here in the College, endearing himself to all that came in contract with him. He made himself all to all, but especially was he drawn to the poor and the needy, the weak and the infirm. As long as he could move about, the hospitals and the prisons were his

TELEGRAMS.

THE HYDERABAD DISTURBANCES.

EXPULSION OF SULTAN NAWAZ JUNG.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, DEC. 7.

The Minister's decision in Nawaz Jung's case was yesterday submitted to the Council of State. He agreed with the Commission in finding the Sultan guilty of having instigated the attack on the police, and recommended the following punishments:—A fine of a lakh of rupees. To be prohibited from living in the city for five years. The command of the troops to be given to his son.

The Council of State accepted the Minister's recommendations, but made the following modifications:—Fine confirmed. Expulsion from the city to be permanent, and the departure to take place within one month. The command of the troops to be divided between his son and his nephew, who, it will be remembered, claims to be the rightful heir.

This order will be notified to the Sultan to-day, and there is some curiosity as to how it will be received by the Arabs. The decision is more lenient than was expected, but is sufficient to meet the circumstances of the case.

THE REPORT OF THE CHOLERA COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 6.

The *Gazette* contains a short preliminary report by the English Cholera Commission of the results of their inquiries during their visit to India. A complete report will be passed through the press when they arrive in England.

Dr. Cunningham, Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, in submitting the report, remarks that it will be observed that Dr. Klein's and Dr. Gibbes' conclusions are altogether subversive of the statements advanced by Professor Koch as to the so-called comma bacillus being the cause of cholera.

The report, which is dated Calcutta, 27th November, says the investigations of the Commission hitherto carried on in Bombay and Calcutta yielded the following results:—

(1). The statement of Dr. Koch that the comma bacillus is present only in the intestines of persons suffering from or dead of cholera is not in accordance with the facts, since it occurs also in other diseases of the intestines, as epidemic diarrhœa, dysentery, and in intestinal catarrh asociated with phthisis.

2nd. Comma bacilli in acute typical cases of cholera are by no means present in such numbers and frequency as to justify Dr. Koch's statement that the ileum contains almost pure cultivation of comma bacilli.

3rd. Comma bacilli are not present in the tissue of the intestine or elsewhere.

4th. Comma bacilli in artificial cultivations carried out by Dr. Klein are not in any way different from other putrefactive organisms.

5th. Mucus flakes of the ileum taken out soon after death from typical acute cholera contain numerous mucus corpuscles, many of which were filled with peculiar minute straight bacilli. The same bacilli occur also outside the mucus corpuscles, and are never missed even when the comma bacilli are.

6th. These small bacilli have been cultivated by Dr. Klein, and do not behave differently from other putrefactive organisms. They are not present in the tissue of the intestine or in any other tissue.

7th. No bacteria of any kind, and no organisms of known form and character occur in the blood or any other tissue.

8th. A good many experiments were carried out, with the following results:—Mice, rats, cats, and monkeys when fed with the dejections of cholera patients, both fresh and after being kept from twenty-four to forty-eight hours, remained normal. Inoculations with recent and old cultivations of comma bacilli and small straight bacilli, as well as with mucus flakes, were made into the subcutaneous tissue, into the peritoneal cavity, into the jugular vein, and into the cavity of the small and large intestine of rabbits, cats, and monkeys, but the animals remained perfectly well and normal.

9th. The material at their disposal has been very good and abundant, and as far as microscopic work goes they do not, they think, require any more material.

THE SANITARY INQUIRY IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 7.

A pretty quarrel has arisen out of the proceedings of the Sanitary Commission appointed by the Government under section 28 of the Municipal Act. It has long been evident that there was nothing to support the appointment of such a Commission, and that the result must be in favour of the Corporation. It appears that the Commission had concluded the evidence they intended to take, when the *Englishman*, the organ of the agitation, suggested that Dr. Payne, one of the prime movers in getting up the memorial on which the Government took action, and some others should be examined. Dr. Payne was examined on Tuesday, and Mr. Cotton, the member representing the Corporation, put him through an ordeal out of which he seems to have come very badly. He is said to have shown little acquaintance with the sanitary state of the city, and to have shown ignorance of the work the Municipal Commissioners had been and are doing, and that while he was Health Officer of Calcutta a few years ago he was frequently in antagonism with the Commissioners, who finally reduced his salary from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 700 per month.

This has led to a quarrel between Mr. Beverley, Chairman of the Commission, appointed by Government, who is officiating Judge of the High Court, and Mr. Cotton, the member nominated by the Corporation, who is also an official and Secretary to the Board of Revenue. Mr. Beverley laid a memorandum before the Commission, bringing to notice the character of Mr. Cotton's examination of Dr. Payne, which, in his opinion, was not such as should meet with the approval of the Commission as a body. He says Mr. Cotton was following a brief which he recognised as the handwriting of Mr. Harrison, Chairman of the Corporation, and also an official. The memorandum concludes with a threat that if Mr. Cotton treats any future witness in a similar manner Mr. Beverley will get up and leave the room.

Mr. Cotton has laid the memorandum, with his own comments before the Corporation for their opinion. He expresses surprise that Mr. Beverley should have permitted himself to record his memorandum. He is also surprised that Mr. Beverley, who appeared to have overlooked his private notes, should have thought fit to record that he had done so in his memorandum. He says he protested against Dr. Payne being examined after the inquiry had closed, and was not anxious to examine him, knowing of what nature the examination would have to be, and seeing that there was quite sufficient before the Commission already to clear the Corporation. But when he found Dr. Payne willing to submit himself, he determined to take a fair advantage of the opportunity. Whether Mr. Beverley should leave the room or not, he should be guided, as he had been in this instance, solely by a sense of duty to himself and to the public.

The Town Council have had the matter submitted to them, and have passed a resolution entirely approving of the course adopted by Mr. Cotton.

ADDRESSES TO THE VICEROY.

The Viceroy receives an address from the Corporation to-morrow, and one from the British India Association on Tuesday.

THE PROPOSED MEMORIAL TO LORD RIPON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 6.

The great native meeting proposed to be held here to-day in honour of Lord Ripon has been postponed till Thursday. The form the proposed memorial will take will probably be a Ripon Park in the native quarter of the town. A large piece of land has been surveyed for this purpose.

RIPON MEMORIAL MEETINGS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, DEC. 7.

A crowded but orderly and enthusiastic meeting attended by about fifteen thousand men of all races and creeds was held, as previously announced, this evening in the Town Hall, Hirabagh, under the auspices of the Poona Sarvajanick Sabha. Processions, attended with music, banners, and chromo pictures of Lord Ripon under the leadership of the elected Municipal Commissioners, and another very grand procession with Mr. Gangaram Bhavo Mhuske at its head started from the different Peits and the camp at about 3 p.m., passed through the principal streets, and arrived at the Town Hall at 5 p.m. A separate procession of the agriculturists, headed by Dr. Ghole, joined the main body before entering the Bag.

The Hall not affording sufficient accommodation for the large crowd, three separate meetings were held in different parts of the Bag.

The proceedings were opened by Mr. Shivram Hari Sathé, and Mr. Shriman Raja Ram Saheb of Satara was voted to the chair. Four resolutions expressing deep regret at the departure of the noble Marquis, and the gratitude of the people for his acts, were adopted.

Great enthusiasm prevailed, and the people expressed a wish that Lord Ripon might pay a flying visit to the city and give them an opportunity of having a look at him once more.

Besides the crowd of Hindoos, a large number of Mahomedans, most of the leading Parsees, and a few native Christians were present.

ADDRESS TO LORD DUFFERIN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, DEC. 7.

An influential deputation has proceeded to Bombay in charge of an address to be presented to Lord Dufferin on Tuesday, on behalf of the Ahmedabad Association, in the name of the inhabitants of Ahmedabad. Khan Saheb Cowarjee Muncherjee Karunjawala, who was selected to head the deputation, not being able to leave Ahmedabad owing to unavoidable circumstances, it will be headed by Rao Bahadoor Bechardas Ambaidas, C. S. I.

(FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.)

A monster open-air meeting in honour of Lord Ripon was held this afternoon near the Collector's office. A large procession from all parts of the city, headed by the principal inhabitants, marched to the spot with banners bearing mottos and devices extolling the Queen-Empress and Lord Ripon, and bands and native music. The place was decorated with flags and mottos. All business in the city was suspended. About 8,000 persons were assembled. Sheth Lulbhai, Nugursheth's son, presided. Great enthusiasm and order prevailed. It was resolved that the assembly regretted the early retirement of his lordship. A joint address of the Municipality and people was read and adopted. The popular subscription in aid of the hall already determined upon was approved of, and it was also resolved that an address be anually delivered in the hall on self-government on the date when Lord Ripon assumed charge of his office.

All the speakers were heartily cheered. The meeting terminated with deafening cries of "Lord Ripon ki jay" and "Maharani ki jay," the band playing "God save the Queen."

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 6.

Mr. C. W. McMinn, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd class, Central Provinces, is appointed Deputy Commissioner of the 1st class, *vice* Colonel Thompson, retired.

The services of Lieutenant-Colonel M. Protheroe, C.S.I., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras. A large number of changes are made in the graded list, Political Department, consequent on the deputation of Captain Yate and Captain Durand with the Boundary Commission.

Major Prideaux, Political Agent, 2nd class on return from furlough officiates as Political Agent 1st class. A number of reversions are notified in consequence.

The following are appointed probationers of the Staff Corps. Bengal:—Lieut. Shakespeare, 4th Dragoon Guards. Madras:—Lieutenant Nurse, Royal Irish Fusiliers. Bombay:—Lieut Williams, Royal Irish Fusiliers.

Furlough has been granted as follows:—Colonel W. Jeffereys, Superintending Engineer, 1st class, North-West and Oudh P. W. D., two years; Lieutenant-Colonel Spearman, Deputy Commissioner, British Burmah, one year; Captain Butler, Deputy Commissioner, British Burmah, one year and twenty-three days; Lieutenant Lamb, Adjutant, 22nd Bengal Infantry, 270 days.

Surgeon-Major Henderson has been granted an extension of furlough by the Secretary of State for six months.

Promotions:—To be Lieutenant-Colonel:—Major Yaleman, Madras Staff Corps, and Major G. Thomas, late Madras Staff Corps.

In consequence of the transfer of Major-General H. A. Browne, of the Bengal Infantry and Lieut-General Sir S. J. Browne, H. C., Bengal Staff Corps, to the unemployed supernumerary list, the following are also promoted:—To be Lieutenant-Colonels:—Major Marsh, Bengal General List, in succession to Lieutenant-General Sir H. Forbes, Bombay Cavalry; Major Tregear, Bengal General List; in succession to Major-General Dumbleton, Bengal Cavalry; and Major Fitzgerald, Bengal General List, in succession to General Chamberlain, Bengal Staff Corps.

Mr. R. J. Vincent, Assistant Engineer, Indian Marine, is dismissed from the service.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE RUSSO-AFGHAN BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

LONDON, DEC. 5.

Lord Edmond Fitzmaurice, the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in reply to a question in the Commons, said that the work of the Afghan Boundary Commission will not commence until the arrival of General Zelenoy, whose departure had been unavoidably delayed. He cannot arrive at Sarrakhs until the end of January. Communications are passing between the British and Russian Governments with a view to define a zone of territory wherein the new frontier shall be traced.

THE FRANCHISE BILL.

LONDON, DEC. 6.

The House of Lords last night finally passed the Franchise Bill, and afterwards adjourned.

FRANCE AND MADAGASCAR.

Latest advices from Madagascar state that negotiations have commenced between the Hovas and Admiral Miot, the Commander-in-Chief of the French forces in Madagascar, with a view to a termination of the hostilities.

THE NILE.

CAIRO, DEC. 5.

The Nile is steadily falling, and the passage of the cataracts is becoming almost impossible.

THE NILE EXPEDITION.

CAIRO, DEC. 6.

Detachments of the 19th Hussars and 38th Foot have arrived at Dongola and proceeded to Debbeh.

A messenger has arrived at Dongola from Khartoum, and reports that the Mahdi is only three hours distant. General Gordon's steamers continue to harass the enemy and capture provisions.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

LONDON, DEC. 7.

The Technical Commission has reported in favour of widening the Suez Canal.

THE TROOPSHIP JUMNA.

PORT SAID, DEC. 5.

H. M.'s Troopship Jumna passed through the Canal, homeward bound.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, DEC. 5.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackenzie arrived here this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Arcot left here for Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast yesterday afternoon.

COLOMBO, DEC. 7.

Mail steamer Malwa, from China, arrived.

LONDON, DEC. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton market has been firm.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16d.
The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1-7
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79½
4½ ,, ,,	81
3 ,, Consols for account	99
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102½
4½ per cent. French Rentes	108½
Bar Silver	49½

Arrival—Tancarville.

TELGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(DECEMBER 7.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Turkish route interrupted between Bushire and Fao. Messages via Turkey, or for Turkey via Fao, can only be sent once a week by mail-steamer from Bushire. No change in rates.

BERNE, Dec. 2.—Line Saigon-Bangkok interrupted between Pursed and Battambang.

AT a special meeting of the Town Council held on Saturday last, the Municipal Commissioner's budget estimates for 1885-86 were further considered. The estimates of expenditure for the Controller's Department were passed at Rs. 52,390, a balance of Rs. 2,880 being charged to the loan account; the estimates for the Assessment and Collection Department at Rs. 1,73,197; and the Fire Brigade at Rs. 75,151.

THE case against Mr. Morton, which has now taken so very much of the time of the Sessions, was again resumed on Saturday before a special jury. The able manner in which Nana Saheb was cross-examined has completely broken him down. His evidence, the judge remarked, was to be taken with every possible suspicion; and he would direct the jury to place no credence in it, as he was not corroborated, and if they disbelieved him there was then an end of the case. The jury have already shown that they entirely disbelieve Nana Saheb, and the foreman said that they did not wish to hear any more of the case. His lordship told him he was bound to hear all the evidence the prosecution offered, but it was usual for the latter to withdraw when the jury expressed themselves in that manner.

WE are requested to state that ladies will be admitted to the verandah of the Bombay Cub this afternoon on the occasion of Lord Dufferin's arrival.

WE learn that Mr. J. Macpherson, who retired from the Bombay Bar some years since, is expected to return here in order to conduct the suit of a Bania merchant.

THE height of the water in Vehar lake on the 5th inst. was 57·20 feet and in Tulsi lake 47·90 feet, against 57·10 feet and 49·20 feet respectively in the corresponding week of last year.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Gwadur under date 26th November says:—The latest news from Mekran is to the effect that an affray took place between two tribes called Jadgals and Rundhos at Piskan some twenty miles to the west of Gwadur. The quarrel arose out of the death of one of the men belonging to the Jadgals, who while on his way to Piskan, was waylaid and killed by the Rundhos, who carried away all his personal belongings. The Jadgals determined to have their revenge, and an encounter took place with the result that three were killed and two wounded. The Jadgals had the better of the fight, as they succeeded in carrying away a number of camels, sheep, cows, &c., belonging to the Rundhos. Last night we had another affray at Gwadur, this time among Beloochee fishermen. The Vali put in an appearance in time to quell the disturbance, which threatened to become serious. Five of the ringleaders were arrested and detained in custody.

WE are informed that H. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad does not intend visiting Aurangabad.

DR. BEAUMONT, the Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad, will take furlough early in the year. Rumour has it that Dr. Elcum will be his *locum tenens*.

OUR Berar correspondent writes:—The dispute that has been going on for the past three years between the landlords (jaghirdars) and tenants at Akote is now being investigated by Colonel Fitzgerald, the Deputy Commissioner of the Akola district.

OWING to the prevalence of cholera on the Hurnai route, the march of the troops recently engaged in the Zhob Valley expedition is being retarded.

MR. S. A. HILL, Meteorological Reporter, Allahabad, will probably officiate as Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India upon Mr. Blanford's departure shortly on leave to England, Mr. Hill will carry on the duties of his new office at Allahabad, as Mr. Blanford will not be absent for any long period.

DURING the quarter ended the 30th Sept. last the number of cattle destroyed by wild beasts in the Madras Presidency was 718 bullocks, 759 cows, 282 calves, 208 buffaloes, 171 sheep, 239 goats, 22 horses or ponies, 30 asses, and 20 pigs.

REFERRING to our remarks on the Matriculation Examination, the *Bombay Catholic Examiner* says:—"The real remedy for the state of things which our contemporary laments would be greater care on the part of the University authorities in accepting the certificates which applicants for admission to the matriculation are required to send up. At present candidates can sign each other's certificates, and they are accepted as confidingly as those signed by the heads of the Elphinstone High School or St. Xavier's College. Boys whom no school will endanger its own reputation by presenting, get a friend, who may be anything from a shopkeeper to a schoolboy, to certify that he has taught them for a year and thinks them likely to pass; whereas the boys have been in a public school till a few days before, and have been rejected after failing in the preliminary examination. The proper way to keep worthless scholars from appearing at the examination would be, not to re-enact the sixteen-year rule, but to limit the number of those who come up under what they call 'private tuition,' but what is really no tuition at all. Let the University authorities take the trouble to see that every certificate of competence is really signed by some person of well-known respectability, as required by the University regulations."

THE *Pioneer* seems to think it is highly probable that a Chapter of the Star of India will be held by Lord Dufferin in Calcutta this cold weather. His Highness the Nizam has been honoured with the Grand Cross of the Order, and its bestowal by the Viceroy in person would serve to make the young Prince acquainted with the new ruler of India. There will no doubt be other additions made to the Order on New Year's Day, and thus a Chapter will almost become a necessity. The Duke of Connaught is a G.C.S.I. too, and His Royal Highness's presence at the Chapter would invest the ceremonial with more interest than is usually attached to it.

WITH the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has appointed Mr. C. B. Garrett and Mr. G. Irving to be members of the Bengal Legislative Council. Mr. C. P. L. Macaulay and Colonel S. T. Trevor, whose term of membership has expired, have been re-appointed, and the resignation of his seat in the Council tendered by Babu Hurbans Sahai has been accepted.

ACCORDING to present arrangements Lord Dufferin will arrive in Calcutta on the afternoon of Saturday, the 13th instant. Lord Ripon will leave on the following Monday. The preparations are now being completed for lining the streets of Calcutta with troops from the railway station to Government House. The Welsh Fusiliers and 2nd N. I. will be brought into Calcutta from Dum-Dum, and the 11th N. I., now on the march, will be railed to the Presidency, so as to be in time for the ceremony.

THE Bangalore papers are not on the best of terms, and the manner in which they are "slinging ink" is amusing but hardly edifying. The following choice bit from the *Spectator* is worthy of a Transatlantic journal:—

Last evening our contemporary, the *Daily Post*, in an almost fatal fit of rage, violently divested himself of everything, from brains to brace-buttons. From enquiry we learn that he indiscreetly sat down on a *Spectator* thorn-bush, and was stung so severely that he broke away from his keepers, and directing his mad course "round the corner," like a prairie bull in fly-time, making use of the wildest and most incoherent language, frequently "qualified with very strong adjectives," all the while casting from him the few articles of respectable attire he possessed. This fully accounts for our contemporary's distorted, dishevelled, and barely decent appearance last evening.

THE meeting of the Lieutenant-Governors of the North-West and Bengal at Sonepur will take place on January 12 in Mr. Rivers Thompson's camp. The foundation-stone of the Gunduck Bridge at Hajipore will be laid that day, and on the 13th the two Lieutenant-Governors will journey together by rail to the boundary between Bengal and the North-West, when, after some ceremonial proceedings in connection with the railway, they will separate the same evening.

ACCORDING to news-letters at Lahore from Kabul, preparations are being made by the Shahzadas, the Ameer Abdul Rahman's sons, for their journey to Jelalabad, where they will spend the winter months. Twelve camel-loads of postins, and two camel-loads of woollen gloves and socks, have been sent from Kabul by the Ameer's orders to Herat; for the use, we hope, of the frozen-out Boundary Commissioners. The Afghan Boundary Commission, says the news-letter, is reported to have reached Sarakhs; but this is of course incorrect. It is said that the Russians have built nine forts in the Sarakhs district, and that they administer the affairs of the district through the native chiefs. Abdul Kuddus Khan, Barakzai, formerly Governor of Herat, who has of late been kept a prisoner by the Ameer in Kabul, has been released and pensioned.

THE Government of Pondicherry, a Madras contemporary hears, intend to give additional attention to the subject of education, and M. Richaud, the new Governor, has signified his wish to place an increased grant of about 30,000 francs per annum at the disposal of the Educational Department in the French settlements. M. Richaud has expressed the opinion that he had hoped to find on his arrival the people of Pondicherry, the natives, better acquainted with the French language than they are. It is intended to start elementary schools in all the large districts, and to place more power in the hands of local bodies to look after the working of these institutions. M. Richaud, like Lord Ripon, is a great advocate of primary education, and in course of time it is expected that many small schools will be started not only in Pondicherry, but in all the French Indian establishment.

FROM the accounts of the trade by land of British India with foreign countries for the first three months of the current financial year as compared with the corresponding period of last year, we see that the total value of imports was Rs. 1,19,09,995 as against Rs. 1,25,25,710, and that of exports Rs. 1,51,54,820 as against Rs. 1,52,39,301. The countries showing the largest decrease on the import side are Kashmere, Nipal, and Zimme, whilst there was a satisfactory increase in the trade with Upper Burma and Karennee. On the export side of the account no very large decreases are shown, though generally the trade was less with all the countries mentioned in the list, with the exception of Kashmere, Upper Burma, and Khelat.

THE death from cholera at Benares in May last of Rajah Chhatarpal Singh, the youthful proprietor of the Awa estate, has resulted in the release from the management of the Court of Wards of the North-West Provinces of the largest property of which it has yet had charge. The area of this fine estate, which is situated in the districts of Etah, Agra, Muttra, Mainpuri, and Aligarh, is 194,155 acres: its rent-roll is between 6 and 7 lakhs of rupees, and the revenue (including cesses) assessed on it amounts to Rs. 3,68,130. The family, of which the late minor was the head, belongs to the Jadon clan of Rajputs. On the death, says the Allahabad paper, of the latter the succession became rather a complicated question. The widow of Rajah Prithi Singh, the father of Rajah Chhatarpal Singh, was dead, and the possible claimants to the estate were the three widowed Ranis of Raja Pitambar Singh and the collaterals of the late Rajah descended from the younger sons of Bijai Singh. No competent Court had ever decided whether the State was an impartible raj descending by the custom of primogeniture to the eldest male heir of the eldest branch of the family, or whether it was an ordinary partible zemindari. In the former case the right of succession would have rested in Kunwar Baldeo Singh, the eldest son of Rajah Prithi Singh's elder brother; and in the latter case in the three widows of Rajah Pitambar Singh. The three Ranis, however, and the members of the family who might have had, in case the estate were partible, a claim to a share in the property on the decease of the Ranis, waived their claims, and asked that the estate might be made over to Baldeo Singh as head of the house; and this happy settlement was accordingly carried into effect on the 11th of last October.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to Calcutta paper regarding the state of the Public Library, which he describes in very gloomy terms. The number of subscribers, it appears, has gone down from 2,302 in 1882 to 2,067 in the present year; while the money expended in the purchase of books in the past three years has been Rs. 3,133, Rs. 2,531, and Rs. 1,590 respectively. The subscriptions realized also show a falling off, the amount having decreased from Rs. 7,423 in 1882 to Rs. 4,873 in 1884. The correspondent says that the secretary and librarian have recently resigned, and he suggests that, instead of appointing a successor for the former of these salaried officers, the members of the committee should undertake the duties gratuitously and in rotation. The office of honorary secretary should not be a heavy one, if the committee meet frequently and take their share of the work.

RUMOURS reach the *North China Daily News* through Chinese sources from Wuchang that a fresh outburst of activity has been observed among the seditious sects in that part of the country, and it is feared that trouble is ahead. Some say that the societies are only awaiting an opportunity to strike a decisive blow. One circumstance looked upon with suspicion is the fact that large numbers of persons known to belong to some of these confederations are joining the army, ostensibly to help against the French, but really, so it is imagined, to be able to turn round at a favourable moment and destroy their own rulers. One of the societies mentioned in this connection is self-styled the *Kuo Hoi*, or Band of Patriots. "The State" is their watchword, but the State independent of the Manchu dynasty. They are nicknamed *Kuo Fei* by the officials,—the "quacking thieves," or "chatterbox banditti;" not because they are supposed to be particularly loquacious, but simply by way of making a derisive pun.

WHAT little progress China has made in civilisation may be judged from an incident of which the *North China Herald* gives particulars. It appears that on a recent occasion, when several Frenchmen had fallen into the hands of Liu Mingchuan, they were immediately beheaded, and their heads to the number of seventeen hung in cages upon trees. This brought out a remonstrance from the British Consul, who, while he was not in a position to object to the Chinese putting their prisoners to death, protested against the indecent exposure of the heads, which, he said, turned foreigners sick. Liu received the Consul's expostulations with the utmost good-humour. The act complained of, he said, had been done by the soldiers, without his knowledge. He had given no order for any such display, and he would put a stop to it at once.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT A. W. T. RADCLIFFE, Quartermaster and Officiating Wing Commander, 14th Sikhs, at Fategbur, proceeds on furlough from Bombay almost immediately.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL S. BECKETT, Bengal Staff Corps, Officiating Assistant Commissary-General for Transport, Bengal, is at present attached to the Central Accounts Office, Calcutta, for account instruction.

CAPTAIN W. H. E. DOBIE, Royal Artillery, has been appointed to officiate as 2nd class Commissary of Ordnance, *vice* Captain Bevan, on furlough.

THE 8th Bengal Cavalry, Saugor, marched from that station on the 28th November *en route* for Lucknow, at which station the corps will arrive on the 31st December.

AN officer of the Warwickshire Regiment, Fort William, is under arrest for a gross breach of military discipline. He has been given the chance of retiring to avoid trial by court-martial, which he has accepted, but nevertheless remains in arrest.

LIEUTENANT J. G. DOWNING, Madras Staff Corps, Military Account Department, having returned to Calcutta from his tour of paying pensioners of the Calcutta circle, has been posted to the Controller's office for temporary duty until he can be posted elsewhere. The fact is, the Military Accounts Department has more officers at duty at present than there are posts for them to fill.

THE Zhob Valley Expedition is at an end. Sir Robert Sandeman having telegraphed to the Government of India that the object of the expedition had been attained, orders have accordingly been issued for the return of the force to quarters, the arrangements being left to Sir O. Tanner, K.C.B., the troops not required for the Quetta command being sent back to India. The wing of the Worcestershire Regiment will be railed to Kurrachee.

CAPTAIN TURNBULL, Transport Officer, Calcutta, has been attached to the Commissariat Accounts Office, Calcutta, for instruction.

BOMBAY RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

THIS regiment had their usual parade on Saturday under Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. L. H. Bayley. Falling in at the Town Hall, the members were formed into eight companies and marched to the parade ground. Here they were put through a number of exercises, including the lining of the road, in anticipation of the arrival of Lord Dufferin The following was the field state:—

Field offs. Capts. Lts. Sergts. Bugrs. R.&F. Tl.

A Co.	...	...	...	1	...	6	— 7
B Co.	...	1	...	2	1	16	— 20
C Co.	...	...	2	3	...	22	— 27
D Co.	...	...	...	4	...	29	— 33
E Co.	...	1	1	3	...	61	— 66
F Co.	...	1	...	3	...	14	— 18
I Co.	...	...	...	4	...	40	— 44
K Co.	...	...	...	...	...	40	— 40
Staff & Band	3	...	1	2	...	27	— 33
Army Staff	...	1	...	1	...	4	— 6
Total...	3	4	4	23	1	259	294

The following was the parade state on Friday evening:—

	Instrs.	Vols.	Recruits.	Total.
J. J. Hospital	1	24	4	29
P. & O. Dockyard	1	6	3	10
Total	2	30	7	39

A RELIGIOUS DIFFICULTY AT IGATPURA.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

IGATPURA, DEC. 5.

IGATPURA is such a quiet little station that imagination loves to picture it as a spot where peace and good-will reign supreme among all men, and where the lovely hills which surround it on all sides should shut out the passions which distract mortals inhabiting less favoured regions. But for some time past a section of the population of this place has been agitated by dissensions which have afforded some excitement and amusement to the rest of the community. The Christians here number about a thousand adult persons, and there are churches for Protestants and Roman Catholics, as well as a chapel for Methodists. The Methodist community had their origin, about fifteen years ago, when Mr. Frederic Piercey, then permanent-way inspector, and an engine-driver named Gurr began preaching, subsequently leasing a plot of ground near the post-office, and collecting subscriptions to build a chapel for "the people called Methodists," as was stated by them in a printed handbill. Two or three years after the chapel had become an accomplished fact Driver Gurr went home. But previous to his departure he formally relinquished all the interest he might have had in the building to Mr. Piercey and some other friends whom he was to leave behind. About 1876 some stir was made in religious circles by the arrival of members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The Piercey party invited and welcomed them to Igatpura, and they acknowledged the jurisdiction of the Church by allowing it to appoint one of its ministers over the chapel. Mr. Piercy was at the same time ordained as a deacon, and his friends were nominated to one or more of the numerous committees which were appointed to promote the spiritual welfare generally of the inhabitants. Some idea of the enthusiasm which animated the religious fraternity at the time can be formed from the statement that there were separate committees for street preaching, for managing Sunday schools, for promoting the cause of temperance, and for the distribution of religious tracts; there was also a committee for effecting "church extension," another for keeping church records, a third for looking after the furniture, and a fourth consisting of stewards and managers, deacons, and the trustees, worked harmoniously together until the advent of Mr. Janni a year ago, when, owing to some disagreement, eight members of his flock seceded from him These were Mr. Piercey, Mr. William Osborne, an iron founder, with his four sons, John Falshaw, a guard, and William Flint, also a guard. They styled themselves Wesleyans, and on the 23rd September last they served a notice on Mr. Janni stating "that from and after the 2nd October you will not be allowed the use of the Wesleyan chapel." Mr. Janni sought the aid of the law to continue in authority over the chapel, which had so long been allowed without any dispute to remain under the jurisdiction of the M. E. Church, whose recognized minister Mr. Janni claimed to be. On the motion of this reverend gentlemen, Mr. Scott, the first-class magistrate and mamlatdar of the district, issued an injunction preventing the eight persons above named from interfering in any way with the minister in the performance of his sacred function, and calling upon them to resort to a regular process of law if they wished to prove their exclusive right and title to make what arrangements they chose with regard to the chapel. They appealed against this decision to Mr. Foulton, the Sessions Judge of Nassick, who, after perusing the papers, saw no reason to interfere.

Having failed to find any redress for their grievances in a court of law, they hit upon a very queer way of establishing their possession and ownership of the chapel. They sought to convert the religious building into a dwelling house, by placing there some bed-room furniture for one of their comrades, William Osborne, who slept and had his regular meals in the chapel, as if it were his own house. The congregation of Mr. Janni was greatly scandalized by the sight of a man lying comfortably on a cot in their midst, while they were at prayers. The minister told Mr. Osborne either to join the service or to walk away, but the old man turned a deaf ear to all manner of persuasions. Mr. Janni once more invoked the aid of the law; but the magistrate, wishing the parties to settle their differences amicably, abstained from taking any immediate action. But the hostile feeling had grown too strong to admit of a peaceful termination; and one day Mr. Janni's friends threw the obnoxious furniture into the street. A couple of hours afterwards the Piercey party replaced the furniture, and locked the door from the outside. The other side were not slow to effect a counter-move, and that same evening they broke open the lock, entered the building, and commenced their service. While the congregation was engaged in prayers some of Mr. Piercey's friends, assisted by their wives, attempted to take the building by storm. High words ensued, and the divine service for that evening came to an abrupt termination. This disturbance was made by Mr. Janni the subject of the charge of trespass and using insulting and threatening language against Mr. Osborne, three of his sons, and their wives. Mr. Bailey, a retired police inspector of the Bombay force, obtained the permission of the court to plead for the accused, among whom were his daughter and son-in-law. The court was crowded with spectators. So far as the free use of the tongue was concerned, Mr. Janni had to meet his feminine opponents in an unequal contest. One of them called him "a mean Yankee sneak," and another was so far carried away by the excitement of the moment that she went into hysterics. But before judgment was delivered the matter was allowed to end peaceably by the defendants tendering an apology to Mr. Janni and promising never more to molest him in the performance of his duties. The Piercey party, as their enemies averred, now resorted to new tactics for annoying the minister. They assembled in the chapel for worship on every occasion about half an hour before the time advertised by Mr. Janni, and so lengthened out their proceedings that the pastor and his flock had often to go away without the satisfaction of saying their prayers. Mr. Janni again lodged his complaint in the court of law; and Mr. Scott, fearing a serious breach of the peace, called upon the parties, under section 145 of the Criminal Procedure Code, to appear before him and prove their several rights to the possession of the building, irrespective of any claims they might have to its ownership. On this occasion, Mr. Hore, of Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown appeared for Mr. Piercey and his friends, and Mr. S. Smith, a pleader of the Poona bar, was engaged for Mr. Janni.

Mr. Hore, regarding Mr. Janni and his followers as interlopers, maintained that the possession rightfully belonged to his clients, and that where the possession was doubtful the court was bound to go into the evidence of ownership. The learned magistrate was, however, of opinion that the Episcopal party, after the minister of that Church, had been allowed for years all control and management of the chapel, could not be now called trespassers in any sense. Mr. Piercey having himself first invited members of the M. E. Church to come over to Igatpura, was now estopped by his own actions from denying the authority of the Church. The right of Mr. Piercey to preach in that chapel had been obtained from this same Church, and as a deacon he had elected to act in subordination to the minister. As for his friends, they too had forfeited any rights they might have possessed over the chapel, by holding offices under the head of the chapel. The magistrate gave his decision on Friday in favour of Mr. Janni, who was declared to be in possession of the chapel. An injunction was also issued restraining the other side from the use of the building. The verdict was against Mr. Piercey, with costs, Rs. 250.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed." Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon road, London.

KIRKEE MILITARY AND HUNT STEEPLECHASES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KIRKEE, DEC. 6.

STEWARDS.

Col. Warter, R.H.A., Dr. Gaye, Captain Dalbiac, R. A.

Hon. Secy.—Mr. J. Hanwell, R. A.

ALTHOUGH the racing was fairly good on Saturday at Kirkee, that much cannot be said for the attendance, which was poor indeed. A band enlivened the proceedings somewhat, but no number of bands could have dissipated the gloom, comparatively speaking, consequent upon Poona being "out of season." Mr. Hanwell came a nasty cropper off S'Death in the Hunt Cup, the horse pitching on his head and rolling clean over his rider. Fortunately, beyond a severe shaking, the popular secretary escaped unhurt, though how he did so was a mystery to all on the course. The horse lay where he fell, and up to the time I left the course had scarcely moved. The following was the result of the day's racing:—

1st Race.—"Charger's Race Cup," value Rs. 50 For all *bona fide* chargeas. Arabs 10st. 7lbs., C B's. 11st. 7lbs., Walers 12st. 7lb

rain and shunted on to the siding, where an immense crowd of Mahomedans was ready to receive it. As the carriage slowly came along the platform there was one simultaneous burst of grief from the crowd. The coffin was then removed and placed on a magnificent bier prepared to receive it. The bier was raised from the ground by a hundred hands, and another deep wail was then sent forth as those of the crowd who were at some distance caught sight of it. This was caught up by those nearer the bier, and a general burst of mourning followed. All along the great crowd men and women were alike in tears, and their deep sobs were profoundly affecting. A procession was formed. First went numberless youths bearing trays on their heads and coloured banners in their hands. Next followed seven horses, all covered with cloth, four of them bearing priests or mourners who cried out in tones of sorrow, similar to those of the Mohorrum. A large crowd followed. Not far behind was borne the bier. Round about it the throng was the greatest, every one trying his utmost to at least touch the bier. Behind came the chief mourners. H. H. Jehangir Sha and Akbar Sha, who were accompanied by a group of Mahomedan gentleman, amongst whom were Mirza Hoosein Khan, solicitor, Aga Sayed Jaffir, the chief priest of the Moguls, Mooljiboy Jairaj, Nansey Kyraz, Mirza Ismail Moonshi, and other leading Mahomedans. The procession slowly wended its way along Nesbit-lane, then turned to the left on the Mount-road. The body was then deposited at the masoleum in that road, called to Hoosanabad, the place in which deceased's grand-father is buried. All along the route moulvies who were interspersed among the crowd shouted out verses from the Koran.

The police arrangements, under Mr. Superintendent Smith, were perfect and everything passed off quietly. At the station siding the railway police under the directions of Inspector O'Connor, did good service and prevented the crowd from rushing on to the carriage which conveyed the body. It is intended to allow the body to remain at the Hoosanabad for about two weeks. It will then be taken to Kerbella, where the brother of the deceased is buried. The greatest sympathy is felt for the bereaved father, who has lost in a short time two grown-up sons, both of whom were deeply attached to him. He has one more son by his second wife, but he also is in a delicate state of health. The deceased prince leaves a widow, a princess of Persia, one son, only a month old, and six daughters. A large number of letters of condolence have already been received by H. H. Aga Alli Sha. The Mahomedans one and all closed their shops on Saturday as a mark of respect, and will mourn for three successive days. Another peculiar token shown by those who were at the funeral was that most of them left off their turbans, remaining with their heads bare.

THE LORD RIPON MEMORIAL FUND.

THE following is a list of the subscribers to the Lord Ripon Memorial Fund :—

	Rs.	
H. H. the Jam Saheb Vibhaji, Thakore Saheb of Nowanagar, and Koover Jasvatsingji	10,000	
H. H. the Thakore Saheb Jasvatsingji, Thakore Saheb of Limri	5,000	
H. H. the Thakore Saheb Bhagvatsingji, Thakore Saheb of Gondal	3,000	
H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Rajkote	1,000	
The Hon'ble Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I.	850	
Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Esq.	Rs. 5,000	7,000
Framjee Dinshaw Petit, Esq.	,, 1,000	
Bomonjee Dinshaw Petit, Esq.	1,000	
Sir Mangaldas Nathoobhai, C.S.I., and Messrs. Tribhowandas and Parshotumdas Mangaldas Nathoobhai		1,500
Framji Nasarwanji Patel, Esq.		250
Messrs. Virjivandas and Narotam Madhowdas.	Rs. 1,000	1,500
Harkisondas Narotumdas, Esq.	,, 200	
Tribhuvandas Virjivandas, Esq.	,, 150	
Bhagvandas Narotumdas, Esq.	,, 150	
Nasarvanji Ratanjee Tata, Esq.	Rs. 1,000	2,500
Jamsetji Nasarvanji Tata, Esq.	,, 1,000	
Dorabji Jamsetji Tata, Esq.	,, 500	
Nasarvanji Manockji Petit, Esq., and Jamsetji N. Petit, Esq.		1,250
Messrs. Edalji Allbless and Sons		1,500
Byramji Jeejeebhoy, Esq., C.S.I., and Rastomji N. B. Jeejeebhoy, Esq.		1,300
Messrs. Jairazbhai Pirbhai and Noor Mahomed Jairazbhai		1,300
The Hon. Badrudin Tyabji		1,000
Sorabji Framji Patel, Esq.		1,000
Messrs. Nowrozji Manekji Wadia and Nasarvanji Jehanghir Wadia		1,000
Haji Currim Mohamed Haji Suleman		1,000
Vandravandas Parshotumdas, Esq.		1,000
Thakersey Moolji, Esq.		1,000
Messrs. Mooljі Jaitha & Co.		1,000
The Hon. K. T. Telang, C.I.E.		750
Pherozeshah M. Mehta, Esq.		750
Byramji N. Serval, Esq.		750
Messrs. Tapidas Varajdas and Damodher Tapidas		750
Chaturbhooj Morarji, Esq.		750
Khimji Jeewa, Esq.		750
Messrs. Morarji Goculdas & Co.		750
Mancherji Framji Cama, Esq.	Rs. 500	750
Messrs. Merwanji and Hormasji M. F. Cama	250	
Messrs. Jairam Narronji and Liladhur Jairam		600
The Hon. Mr. Nanabhai Haridas		500
Sorabji Shapoorji Bengali, Esq., C.I.E.		500
The Hon. V. N. Mandlik, C.S.I.		500
Mancherji Bomonji Panthaki, Esq.		500
Hassumbhoy Visram, Esq.		500
Carimbhoy Ebrahimbhoy, Esq.		500
Jehanghir Rastamji Mody, Esq.		500
Hormasji Ardeshir Wadia, Esq.		500
Framji Hormasji, Esq.		500
Adamji Pirbhai, Esq.		400
Harivalabdas Calliandas, Esq.		400
A Zoroastrian		400
The Employés of the Kaiser-i-Hind Spinning and Weaving Mill		357-10
Lakhmidas Khimji, Esq.		350
Ardeshir Framji, Esq.		350
Heptoola Shaik Adam, Esq.		350
Messrs. Tricumji Mooljі & Co.		351
Messrs. K. M. Heeramanek and Co.		350
Messrs. Ramji Parshotum and Govindji Tulsi		325
Cursetji Manekji Setna, Esq.		300
Karsandas Vallabhdas, Esq.		300
Ahmedbhai Habibbhai, Esq.		300
Sorabji Cursetji Paonvala		300
Tharia Topun, Esq.		300
Govindji Hansraj, Esq.		300
Assur Virji, Esq.		300
S. A. Pundit, Esq. (Rajkote)		300
Nowrozji Fardunji, Esq., C.I.E.		300
Nagundas Sobaghdas, Esq.		300
Nensey Khayraj, Esq.		275
Allanah Ramji, Esq.		250
Dr. Rastamji Nasarvanji Khory		250
Vijbhookhandas Atmaram, Esq.		250
Haji Allarakia Nathoo, Esq.		250
Hormasji Bomanji Jeejeebhoy, Esq.		250
Haji Dawood Bowla, Esq.		250
Messrs. Hajibhai Lalji & Co.		250
Ebrahim Hassam, Esq.		250
The Employés of the Prince of Wales Spinning and Weaving Co.		215
Gokaldas Dewji, Esq.		200
Tapidas Mandedas, Esq.		200
Jamnadas Savakial, Esq.		200
Dawoodbhai Moosa, Esq.		200
Mancherji Hormasji Cama, Esq.		200
Haridas Coorji, Esq.		200
Premchand Roychand, Esq.		200
Kalidas Megji, Esq.		200
Harjibhai Jamal, Esq.		200

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 2nd December as compared with that for the 25th November :—

	Nov. 25. Rs. A. P.	Dec. 2. Rs. A. P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	41,69,296 4 4	41,59,296 4 4
Treasury Balance	1,41,58,786 11 1	1,48,04,809 0 11
Other deposits	3,09,91,275 3 3	3,17,92,255 3 4
Bank Post Bills, &c.	3,59,991 2 1	2,99,567 13 6
Sundries	15,39,351 4 0	15,55,362 5 5
Rs.	7,11,69,700 8 9	7,24,11,290 11 6

Assets.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities	71,20,238 0 0	73,67,738 0 0
Other authorized Invtmts	38,36,882 8 0	38,05,425 0 0
Loans on Govt. Securities	76,55,797 11 3	77,91,3 7 7 10
Credits on do.	78,70,812 2 2	79,50,636 10 0
Bills Discounted	1,45,26,634 12 1	1,47,11,171 3 1
Balances with other Banks	8,86,333 12 2	7,65,540 9 1
Bullion	28,577 12 11	28,160 14 11
Dead Stock	11,88,431 11 5	11,91,998 8 9
Stamps	9,223 4 0	8,751 10 0
Sundries	6,29,400 13 3	6,28,645 8 6
Cash at Head Office	1,47,57,028 11 1	1,56,85,064 2 11
Do. at Branches	1,26,60,339 6 5	1,24,76,851 0 5
Rs.	7,11,69,700 8 9	7,24,11,290 11 6

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Ascalon, 1,523 tons, Captain H. Morris, sailed on Saturday last for Rangoon in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Bhundara, 2,190 tons, Captain W. Britten, sailed on Saturday last for Galle in ballast.

THE steamer Cuba, 1,372 tons, Captain C. W. Hoseason, sailed on Saturday last for Dunkirk, with a general cargo.

THE P. & O. Co's steamer Kashgar, 1,575 tons Captain W. A. Wheler, arrived in harbour, on Saturday last from China &c., with a general cargo, and Mr. Abdool Kadeer, as a passenger.

THE steamer Cochemire, 2,197 tons, Captain P. F. Castle, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Cardiff (30th Oct.) via Aden in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Rallі Brothers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Assyria, 969 tons, Captain J. Stewart, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Marsh, and 62 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Nowshera, 1,958 tons, Commander Sanders, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Captain Alcock, Mr W Lewis, one Corporal, two Privates, Mr Sitaram V Gardi, Mr R Govind Joshi and one hundred and seventy-six deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
6	Kashgar (s)	Wheler	Hongkong, Nov. 18
6	Cochemire (s)	Caste	Cardiff, Oct. 30.
7	Nowshera (s)	Sanders	Calcutta Nov. 8.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
6	Trafalger	Johnston	Calcutta.
	Ascalon (s)	Morris	Rangoon.
	Bhundara (s)	Britten	Galle.
	Cuba (s)	Hoseason	Dunkirk.

The steamer Assyria, Stewart, to Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, obtained her port clearence on Saturday last.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last :—

Steamer Pekin, to Marseilles, &c,
,, Cochemire, to Marseilles.
,, Atrato, to Genoa and Naples.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.
2 Agra (s) ..... Macfarlane .Rangun, Nov. 24.
Kilwa (s) ..... England .....Moulmein, Nov. 26.
Pythomene ..... McIver ..... Bombay, Oct. 25.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 2.—Steamer Aston Hall.
Dec. 3.—Ship Lord Canning. Barque Broomhall.

DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 6.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Munro s—80 boxes tin plats, Essoofally Sumsoodin and Co.
Clan Drummond s—25 cases slates, Ebramjee Dawood bhoy.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Munro s—5 cases whiskey, Bodger Warburton and Co.
Clan Drummond s—4 cases sherry, George Lockhart and Co.
Belgravia 4 puncheons whiskey, Treacher and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Bassano s—7 bales brown paper, Rustomjee Sorabjee and Co.
Pekin s—2 bales paper, G. Claridge and Co
Gwalior s—2 cases ink, G. Claridge and Co.
Kerbella s—25 cases matches, S. Adum Essoofbhoy and Co; 20 cases matches, Essoofally Sumsoodin and Co; 60 cases matches, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 6 cases confectionery, Allybhoy Tyebkhan; 7 cases sewing machine, H. A. Geyer and Co; 157 kegs paint, Ebramjee Essoojee; 50 drums turpentine, Tyebally Chandabhoy and Co; 2 cases chemicals, *Times of India*; 50 kegs paint, J. Heptoolabhoy; 30 drums turpentine, A. H. Tyebjee; 8 cases paper, M. A. M. Surufally.

FROM HULL.

Bassano s—200 barrels alum and 32 casks salamoniac Cuma Ramjee; 40 casks salamoniac, Hemraz Khimjee; 21 casks lamps and 1 case weights, Theodor Knaust.

FROM VENICE.

Gwalior s—13 cases beads, M. Essoofbhoy.

FROM ANTWERP.

Bassano s—457 boxes window glass, Abdoolally Noorbhoy; 115 boxes window glass, Surufally Mamoojee; 80 boxes window glass, Essoofally Mamoojee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Colombo s—50 cases brandy, D. P. Batha and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

China s—10 cases brandy, D. P. Batha and Co.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 8.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

For investigation of pauperism.

In person—Jane Ann Esitvo vs. G. L. Esitvo and another

To vary or discharge Commissioner's Report.

551-72—Little, S. F. and N.—Nusserwanjee Ruttonjee Tata and others vs. Hajee Abdoo Taleb Bebanay and others—Thakordass and D.—Tobin and R.

204-76—C. A. Winter.—Vinayek Wassudewjee vs. Permanundass Jeewandass—Little, S. F. and N.

Long Cause.

314-79—Ardesir and H.—The New Fleming Spinning and Weaving Co. vs. Kessowjee Naik and others—Little S. F. and N., Jefferson B. and D., J. C. Cama and in person.

To vary special Commissioner's Report.

51-78—Ardesir and H.—Nursoo Dhurmaji vs. The Khatao Mukunji S. and W. Co., Ld.—Craigie, L. and O.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PINHEY.)

Undefended New Long Causes.

387-84—Thakurdas and D.—Hukmuji Rangji vs. E. C. K. Ollivant.

389-84—Khunderao M.—Bappooji Cassinath and another vs. Narseydas Jetram and another.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

New Long Causes.

335-84—Tyabjee and D.—Balcrustna Sazba vs. Narayen Sazba and others—Jefferson B. and D., and in person.

341-84—Chaik and W.—Wishwanath Jugonath and others vs. Hurrichundra Ramchundra and others.—In person.

350-84—Hore, C. and B.—Vinayek Vishwanath vs. Nanabhoy Vishwanath—all the parties.

356-84—Payne G. and S.—Maribai and another vs. Walji Soonderji—Tyabji and D.

357-84—Nanni and Co.—Framji Justomji Behleepatell vs. Bai Soonabai and others—Ardesir and H.

361-84—Mansukial M. M.—Haridas Gigabhai vs. Runchordas Calliangee and another—Payne G. and S.

371-84—Tyabjee and D. (for pauper) Harkorebai vs. Boga Nanabhoy—In person.

364-84—Tyabjee and D.—Luxmibai vs. Premjee Issur—Janardhan G.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 5.

Barry, Lieut, 19th Bombay N I, on duty, from Deesa.

DECEMBER 6.

Borradaile, Lieut-Col, R A, on duty, from Poona.
Truman, Lieut-Col, 7th Dragoon Guards, on leave, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 5.

Flood, Lieut, R A, on duty. to England.
Johnson, Lieut, R A, on duty, to Kirkee.

DECEMBER 6.

McGoverne, Sub Inspectator, Army School, on duty, to Asirghar.
Orr, Captain, Staff Corps, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Gordon, Lieut, 16th Bombay N I, from leave, to Baroda.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commdt. B. V. R. C.

Bombay, December 8.

The Regiment will parade under the Commandant this day at 3-30 p.m. punctually, falling in at the Oval in front of the High Court. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Special trams will leave the several tram-cars terminі at the following hours, stopping at Watson's Esplanade Hotel :—Girgaum, one single at 2-50 p.m.; Byculla, two double at 2-50 p.m. (one for J. J. Hospital); Mazagon, one double at 2-50 p.m.; and Colaba, one single at 3-15 p.m. Fares to and from the parade will be paid. It is requested that all members, including cadets, will do their best to attend.

Owing to the number of entertainments and engagements during the ensuing week, the Local Secretary of the W. I. R. A. Meeting, 1884, having been asked to postpone the competitions applied to the council W. I. R. A., the request has been granted and the W. I. R. A. local meeting will commence on Monday, 15th December, and end on Thursday, 18th December.

There will be drill at the following places until further orders :—At the Oval, near the Bandstand, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6-30 a.m. The parade on Wednesday will be under the Adjutant. At the J. J. Hospital every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 p.m.; at the P. and O. Dockyard, every Monday and Friday at 5 p. m.; and at the Town Hall, every Monday and Wednesday at 4-45 p.m.

E. Company will commence class-firing on Tuesday next, the 9th inst., and continue their annual course of muskетry until further orders. Members of C. Company who have not completed their class-firing are requested to do so with E. Company.

Vol E. R. Critchall is granted three months' leave from this date.

The usual monthly Regimental Committee meeting will be held on Wednesday next, the 10th inst., at the Headquarters at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

The following promotions are sanctioned in E. Company from this date, viz :—Corpls J. W. Prescott to be Serjeant and D. J. Sharp to be Lance Serjeant; C.-Serjeant Duncan transferred from the 2nd Volunteers to be Lce. Serjeant; Lance Corpls A. DiLittle and J. W. Neil to be Corporals; Vols David, Gouldsworthy, DaCunha, Oneil, Summers and Valentine to be Lance Corporals.

Cadet D. Warner having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to E. Company.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

PROPRIETORS,
THE LINCOLN ANTI-MALARIAL DRUG COMPANY LIMITED COUNTIES
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BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES and Co., Coleman-street, London;
NEWBERY and SONS, 37, Newgate-street, London;
BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London;
SANGER and SONS, Oxford-treet, London;
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY,
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HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
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LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
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DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted some through the Bank.

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CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£210,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOU are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balanc does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate on 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
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All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... $7,500,000.
RESERVE FUND ..... $4,400,000.
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For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
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For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
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DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Agent.
Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay.
September 15, 1884

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.
For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
18, Forbes Street, Fort.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per 1 doz quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Italian Champagne	Rs. 24 0	Rs. ...
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	,, 52 0	...
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,, 55 0	,, 58 0
Guirand Fils & Co.'s Carte Blanche.	,, 33 0	...
Cuvee de Choix Champagne	,, 48 0	...
Dry Elite	,, 48 0	,, 50 0
First Quality Dry	,, 40 0	,, 42 0

From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN, AYEN CHAMPAGNE.

Carte Blanche, dry	,, 32 0	Rs. 34 0
Cabinet India, very dry	,, 37 0	,, 39 0
Goldlack, extra	,, 42 0	,, 44 0

MOSELLE.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Josephshöfer (still)	Rs. 24 0	Rs. ...

STILL HOCKS.

From G. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs.	Rs. 19 0
Deidesheimer	,, 17 0	,, 20 0
Geisenheimer	,, ..	,, 21 0
Leibfraumilch	,, ..	,, 25 0
Steinwein	,, 22 0	,, 29 0
Hochheimer Berg	,, 26 0	,, 29 0
Rudesheimer	,, ..	,, 29 0
Marcobrunner	,, ..	,, 33 0
Queen Victoria Berg	,, 36 0	,, ...

From OTTO PRUMM, MAYENCE.

Moselblümchen	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 1 0
Niersteiner	,, ..	,, 16 0
Hochheimer	,, ..	,, 19 0
Brauneberger	,, 16 0	,, ..
Liebfraumilch	,, ..	,, 22 0
Berncastler-Rosenberg	,, 19 0	,, 22 0
Rudesheimer	,, 24 0	,, ..
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	,, 29 0	,, 32 0
Steinberger	,, 29 0	,, 32 0
Scharzhofberger	,, 35 0	,, 38 0
Johannisberger	,, 36 0	,, 39 0

FRENCH WHITEWINES.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 19 0	...

From MESSRS. MUNZER & SPANN, BORDEAUX.

Haut Sauterne	,, 22 0	Rs. 25

MARSALA WINES.

Marsala Wine	Rs. 14 0	...
Do. do. Superior	,, 16 0	...

CLARETS.

From MESSRS H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frauda	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 16 0
Los Canons	,, 17 0	,, 19 0
Chateau Leoville	,, 20 0	...
Chateau Lafitte	,, 24 0	...

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 15 0	...
Cru de Barrerre	,, 19	...
Chateau La Bogcoe	,, 24	...

From MESSRS. MUNZER & SPANN, BORDEAUX.

Medoc	Rs. 11 0	Rs. ...
St. Estephe	,, 13 0	,, 15 0
Haut Canon	,, 14 0	,, 17 0
Margaux	,, ..	...

From MESSRS. BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Estephe	Rs. 13 0	...
St Julien	,, 28 0	...

From J. ROEMER & SOHN—WIEN.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 18 0	...
Chateau Romer	,, 17 0	...

BRANDY

F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 22 0	...
Cognac, Fine Champagne, Red Bars	,, ..	...
M. & Spann	,, 25 0	...
Cognac, Gold labels, blue capsules, A.L. Bolteau & Co.	,, 30 0	...
Charles Letrvoire very old Brandy***	,, 36 0	...

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC

Volnay	Rs. 22 0	...
Chamberlin	,, 28 0	...

WHISKY.

Bon Accord	Rs. 22 0	...
Finest Old Scotch Whisky	,, 22 0	...
Thistle Blend Whisky***	,, 22 0	...

BEER.

	Per doz. Rs.	Per doz. pints.
St. Paull	Rs. 8 8	Rs. 4 4
Pilsener Beer	,, 6 0	,, 4 0
Lagerbier	,, 5 0	,, ...
Kaiser Beer	,, 6 0	,, 4 0
Export Beer	,, 5 8	,, 4 0
Romford Light Bitter Beer	,, 6 0	,, 4 8
India Pale Ale	,, 5 0	,, 3 0

SUNDRIES.

	Per doz. quarts.	Per doz. pints.
Vin d'Harib (Bitters)	Rs. 36 0	Rs. ...
Finest Kummuel	,, 30 0	...
Italian Vermouth	,, 18 0	...
Do. do. Superior	,, 20 0	...
Do. do. Finest	,, 21 0	...
Real Italian Oil, (Flutes)	,, ..	,, 6 0
Do. do. Pints	,, ..	,, 6 0
Aromatic Magon bitters	,, 14 0	...
Fortuna Caloric Punsch	,, 15 0	...
Cherry Cordial	,, 13 0	...

	Per Doz.
Fortuna Taffel Akvavit	Rs. 36 0
Fortuna Koruman Brændevin	,, 36 0
Finest Copenhagen Kummel	,, ..
Old St. Croix Rum	,, 22 0
Finest St. Croix Rum	,, 24 0
Swiss condensed milk, in bottles	,, 4 0
Do. do. do. ,, tins, First Swiss Brand	,, 5 0
Do. do. do. ,, Bab	,, 3 0

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

	Rs. a.
Swedish Butter per 1 lb. tin	1 3
Danish Butter, finest per 1 lb. tin	1 3
Do. do. per 4 lb. tin	0 10½
Do. Prime Preserved per 1 lb. tin	1 2
Do. do. per 2 lb. tin	2 4

From L. GRADLER AND HARTWIG, GOTHA.

	Per 2 lb. tin.	Per 1 lb. tin	Nett Cash.
Tenffel Leberwurst (Truffled Liver Sausages)	Rs. 1 8	Rs. 0	13
Mettwurst (cooked meat Sausages)	,, 1 6	,, 0	12
Cervelatwurst (Brain Sausages)	,, 1 6	,, 0	12
Asparagus	,, 2 8	,, 1	8
Cut Asparagus in Water	,, 1 6	,, 0	12
White Pickled Cabbage	,, 1 0	,, 0	10
Red do. do.	,, 1 4	,, 0	12
Young French Beans in Water	,, 0 12	,, 0	7
Cellery	,, 0 14	,, 0	14

From BUSCH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

Asparagus	Rs. 2 8	Rs. 1	8
Cellery	,, 1 6	,, 0	10
French Beans	,, 0 14	,,	...
Cut French Beans	,, 0 8	,,	...
Small Sausages	,, 1 6	,,	...

TERMS.

Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Cash payments for supplies of wine, &c. (Preserved Provisions excepted) carry a discount of 5 per cent.

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Rampart-row.
Bombay, 5th September 1884.

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PORTRAITS of all sizes and descriptions executed in oils, water colour, sand black and white by thoroughly competent artists.

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LISTS AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.

BRANCH HOUSES :
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MRS. LAKE solicits an early inspection of the above at her

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CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION
THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE DIPLOMAS
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C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
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FOR Rs. 200 NET CASH
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Free by post, to any part of India, carefully packed,
A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, brequet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring and a three years' stamped guarantee.
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WHITE DRILLS FOR THE CLOTHING OF EUROPEAN TROOPS.
KHAKI DRILLS, yarn or piece dyed, in approved shades for native Troops. Samples and patterns on application to the Managing Director or to the Company's Agents, Messrs. W. WATSON and Co., Apollo-street, Bombay.

IMPERIAL ICE COMPANY.
CHEAP ICE, CHEAP ICE.
THE above Company have commenced to produce Ice of Filtered Vehar Water, at their Factory, opposite Sir J. J. Hospital, and Ice can now be obtained at the rate of
3 pice per lb. retail.
2 annas per 3 lbs, wholesale at the following places :—
CHIEF DEPOT Factory, opposite Sir J. J. Hospital.
PYDHOWNE, near the Fire Brigade Station.
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THE GRAND EMPORIUM
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2,000	Presentation Articles from Rs.		1 to	25	each
3,000	,,	,,	25 to	50	,,
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BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,

HAVE just imported a fresh supply of goods specially to meet the requirements of Gentlemen purposing to be present at the landing of LORD DUFFERIN.

SPECIALITIES FOR—
Reception Suits.
White or Buff Waistcoats.
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Our constituents are respectfully requested to give their orders as early as possible so that parcels may be delivered sharp to time.

Special arrangements are also made in our LADIES' Department and a really choice stock is just to hand.

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MESSRS. FAVRE-LEUBA and Co. have much pleasure to inform their numerous customers that they have just received a large supply of

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of the newest and most elegant designs.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH MARBLE CLOCKS.
A collection unequalled in India.

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Elegant, Fashionable, Useful.

All the above have been chosen by our Manager personally from the best manufactories of Paris and London, and intending purchasers will find with us a rare choice. The prices will be found to compare favorably with those of the best firms at home, while in quality they are at least of same standing.

Each clock is guaranteed for a term of 2 years. Carriage and Fancy clocks are fitted in a strong, well finished Morocco Case.

Nothing could be more appreciated and suitable for

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JUST UNPACKED
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	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Ladies' 4 buttons Kid Gloves, dark colours, stitched Backs ... per pair	3 15	Ladies' Suède Gloves in all colours, 6 buttons ... per pair	2 8
Ladies' 6 buttons do. do. ... per pair	4 15	Ladies' do. do. 8 buttons ... per pair	3 15
Ladies' Black Kid Gloves, 6 buttons ...	4 8	Ladies' do. do. 10 buttons ... per pair	4 4
Ladies' Long Jersey Kid in Fawns and Greys ... per pair	3 15	Gent's Coloured Kid Gloves, stitched Backs, 2 buttons ... per pair	2 15
Ladies' Evening Kid Gloves in all colours, 4 buttons, Rs. 3-15; 6 buttons, Rs. 4-8, 8 buttons ...	4 12	Gent's White and Lavender Kid Gloves, 2 buttons ... per pair	2 15
		Gent's do. do. 1 button ... per pair	1 15

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A very large and choice assortment in Velvet Plush, felt and straw, in all the newest shapes from annas 14 each. Granny Bonnets. The Ada, "Chundos," "Nina," "Eunille," "Columbia," Velvet Caps, Man-of-war Straw Hats in great variety. Buckram Shapes in all the leading styles, from Annas 8 each.

SUN HATS.
Children's Washing Sun Hats, Rs. 1-4, 1-12, 2-4, and 4-8 each.
Children's Washing Granny Bonnets, Rs. 2-8 each.

INFANT'S HOODS AND CAPPETS
Of the finest Cashmere and very prettily trimmed, each Rs. 5-15.
Infant's Christening Cloaks in great variety. Finest Cashmere beautifully embroidered, each Rs. 6-15, 9-15, 14-8, and 16-8.

INFANT'S BOOTIES AND SOCKS,
From Annas 4 per pair.

INFANT'S BIBS.
From Annas 4 to Rs. 3-6 each.
Berlin-Wool Hoods, Annas 12 each.
Berlin-Wool Hats, Annas 15 each.

WM. SILLITOE, Secretary and Manager.
THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED.

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THORPE AND CO.,

HAVE always on hand a large supply of MASONIC CLOTHING of the best quality, at reasonable prices (for cash), viz. :—

"APRONS."

Master Mason's Aprons, English Constitution, Blue ...	Rs. 15 0
Do. do. Scotch Constitution, Red ...	16 0
Leather Cases for the above ...	3 0
Tartan Velvet Aprons ...	45 0
Airtight Box for the above ...	10 8
Mark Master's Aprons ...	15 0
Excellent Master's ...	15 0
Royal Arch Companions' Apron and Sash ...	30 0
Do. Principal's Aprons and Sash ...	33 0
Leather Case for do. ...	4 0

ROYAL ORDER APRONS AND SASHES
18th Degree Aprons, Collars, Jewels, Swords, Belts, Cloaks, &c.
30th Degree Sashes, Eagles, Swords, Belts, Cloaks, Caps, &c.

LODGE KIT.
Working Tools, Wardens, Columns, Ballot Boxes, Jewels, Squares, Collar Jewels, 3rd Degree Lamp ... ... Rs. 15
Complete sets of Lodge and Chapter Regalia and Jewels always in stock for furnishing of Lodges and Chapters.

MILITARY TAILORS, SHIRTMAKERS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS.
NOTE THE CHANGE OF ADDRESS.
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

SAMUEL CLARKE'S
PATENT
PYRAMID NURSERY LAMP FOOD WARMERS.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING THE PATENT PYRAMID FOOD WARMERS AND NIGHT LIGHTS.

The food which is required to be kept hot, to be placed in the porcelain panakin, and water in the tin vessel—just sufficient to admit of the porcelain panakin being placed therein. Care should be taken in lighting the Night Lights not to injure the top, which is a protection for the wick, but simply apply a lighted match or taper, and allow the material to melt away.

No. 1	Holds Half-pint Food, besides Water ...	Rs. 3 4 0 each.
No. 2.	,, Three-quarters Pint Food ,, ...	,, 3 12 0 ,,
No. 3.	,, One Pint Food ,, ...	,, 4 8 0 ,,
Clarke's Pyramid Night Lamps ...	... ...	,, 1 0 0 ,,
,, Pyramid Night Lights in Boxes containing Eight Lights, burn Nine Hours ...		,, 1 0 0 per box

The Lamps have been under the patronage of the Royal and Imperial Families of England, Germany, and Russia, for the last thirty years. They are peculiarly suited for *India*, where it is so desirable to dispense with fires. All mothers find them invaluable both in the nursery and sick room.

Manufactured by the Patentee, SAMUEL CLARKE, Patent Pyramid Night Light Works, Child's Hill, London

N.B.—See that the Patentee's Name is on the Lamp.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.
ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

For Prices apply to CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.
Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co. London.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
INVALID'S PORT WINE
RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

Price Rs. 26 Net per dozen Quarts.

THIS WINE HAS NOW MANY IMITATIONS.

See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsules and Labels.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind awarded Certificate and Prize Medal at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4.

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THE ONLY TRADE MARK—PHOSPHODYNE—UNDER ROYAL SANCTION.

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☞ The GUIDE for December has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

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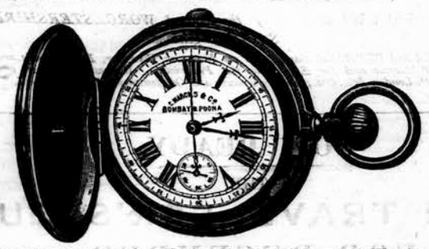

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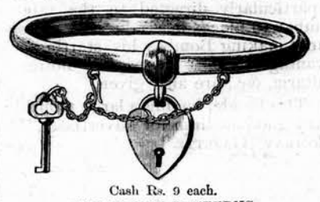

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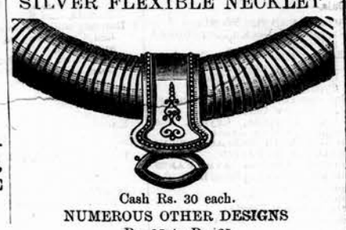

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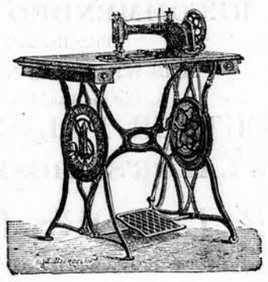

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